

Quantization Study for L1 Cal Trigger

- ◆ For a given amount of noise, how big should the lsb be?
- ◆ Model:
 - » Noise in a given calorimeter cell is Gaussian distributed with no correlations
 - » Energy in a jet window is summed without truncation (for these studies, 36 calorimeter towers are used)
 - » Cell energies are modeled as being either “flat” $E_C = E_0$ or “exponential” $P(E_C) = E_0^{-1} \exp(-E_C/E_0)$ where $E_0 = E_J/N_C$
 - » Random noise added to each cell energy and then quantized
 - » Study error and bias introduced by quantization
- ◆ Results:
 - » Quantization error and bias when $E = 0$ is centered in a bin
 - » Bias when $E=0$ is at the low edge of a bin

All plots are in “Noise” units where $\sigma_N = 1$

Conclusions

- ◆ RMS Quantization error well modeled by $\text{lsb}/\sqrt{12}$ for $\text{lsb} < 2\sigma_N$
- ◆ For $\text{lsb} > 2\sigma_N$, see significant increase in quantization error and bias
- ◆ Centering $E=0$ bin is important to avoid large bias
- ◆ Almost certainly need to account for small negative energies, perhaps by adding pedestal to quantized energy
- ◆ $\text{lsb} = \sigma_N$ seems like a good choice (negligible quantization noise or bias)
- ◆ Now all we need to know is the noise...