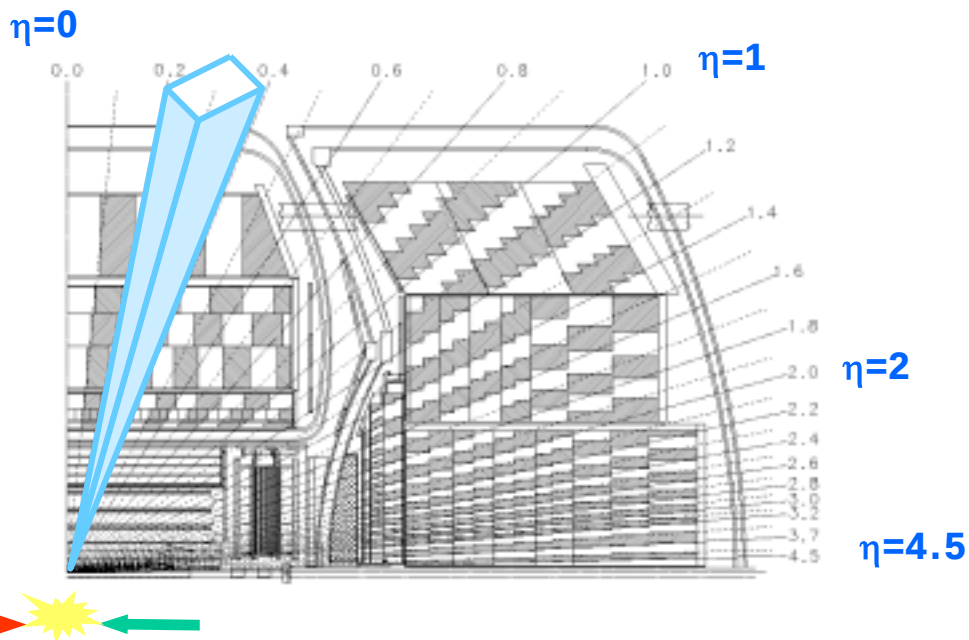

Simulation of the performances of the upgraded L1Cal

- **Short reminder**
- **Performances (jets)**
(see Jovan's talk for electron studies)
- **Studies under way**

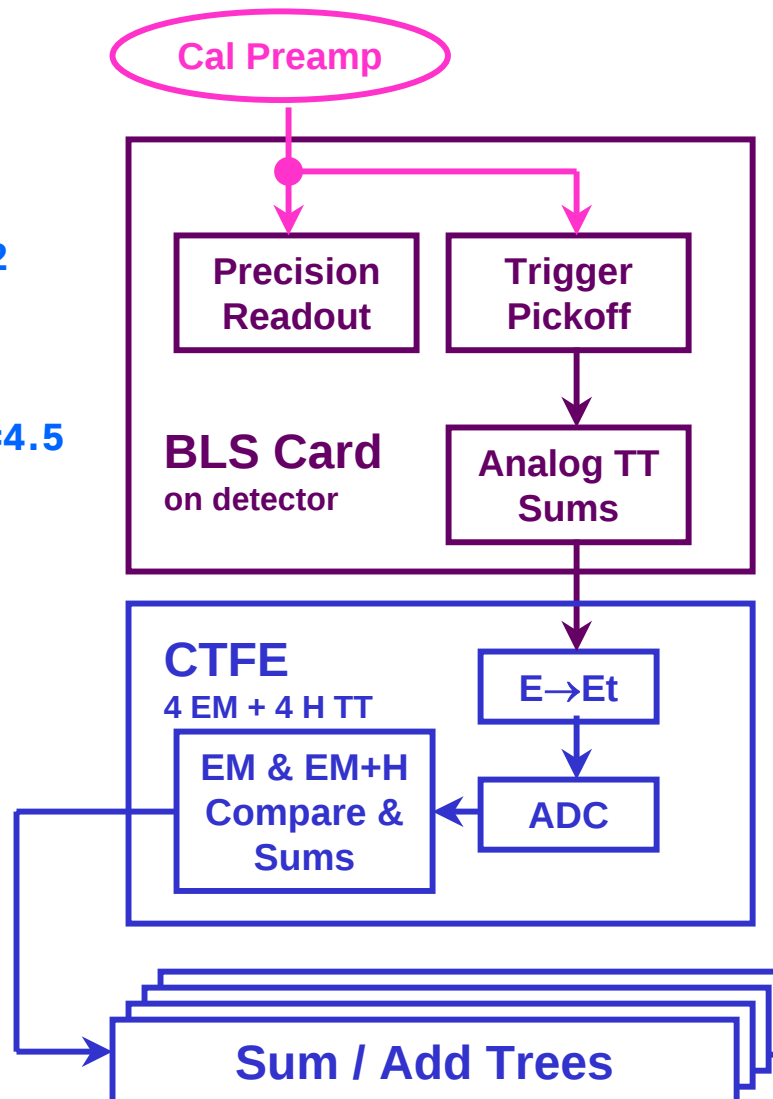
Run I Ia L1 Cal



- **Level-1 calorimeter Trigger :**
 - ♦ Run I System (1990)
 - ♦ Unit = Trigger Tower (TT)

$$\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.2 \times 0.2 \Rightarrow 40 \times 32$$

$$\Rightarrow 1280 \text{ EM} + 1280 \text{ Had}$$
- **Outputs :**
 - ♦ # EM & EM+H TTs > 4 thresholds
 - ♦ Global Sums (E_T tot & missing E_T)



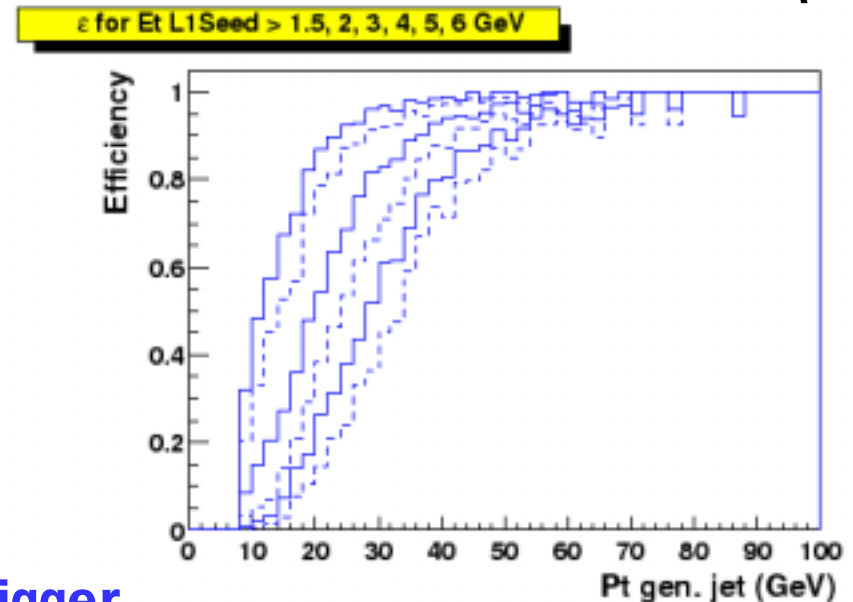
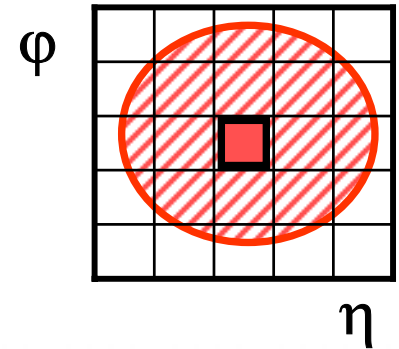
Expected problems with high Lumi

- Size of a jet $\gg$ size of one TT (0.2 x 0.2)
 - ◆ Low thresholds, even to trigger on hard evts
 - ◆ Bad energy resolution
 - ◆ Slow rise of the trigger efficiency

$\Rightarrow$ bad background reduction

- At $L = 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$: expected trigger rate with current menu $> 5 \text{ kHz}$. Solution :

$\rightarrow$ More selective L1Cal



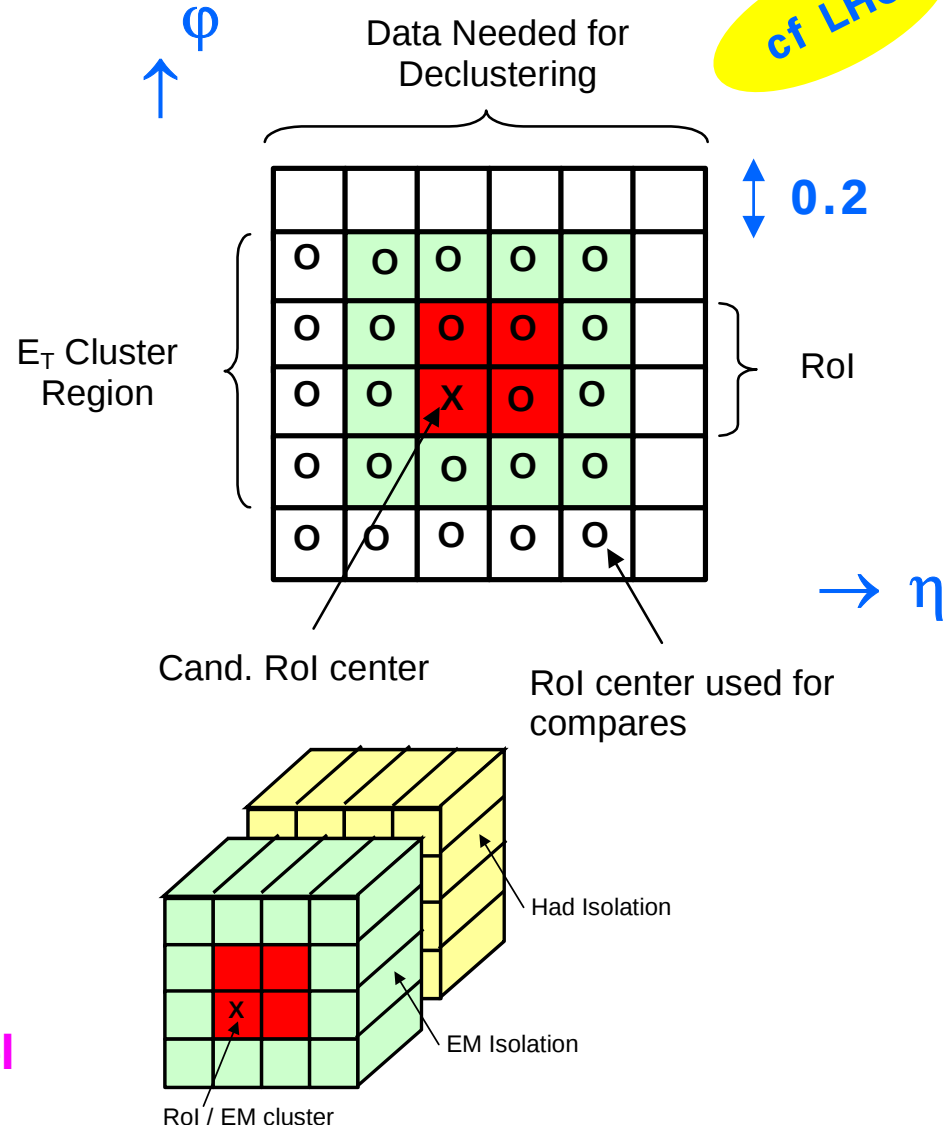
“Sliding windows” algorithm

• “jets” finder :

- Sliding sums of 2x2 Tower Triggers (RoI)
- Search for local maxima : comparison with neighboring RoI's in an array 5x5
- jet Energy = E in the 4x4 region (0.8 x 0.8 in η x ϕ) around the RoI

• Also allows :

- Better ident. of electrons at L1 (isolation, transverse shape)
- Triggering on τ (narrow jets)
- Including ICR at the trigger level

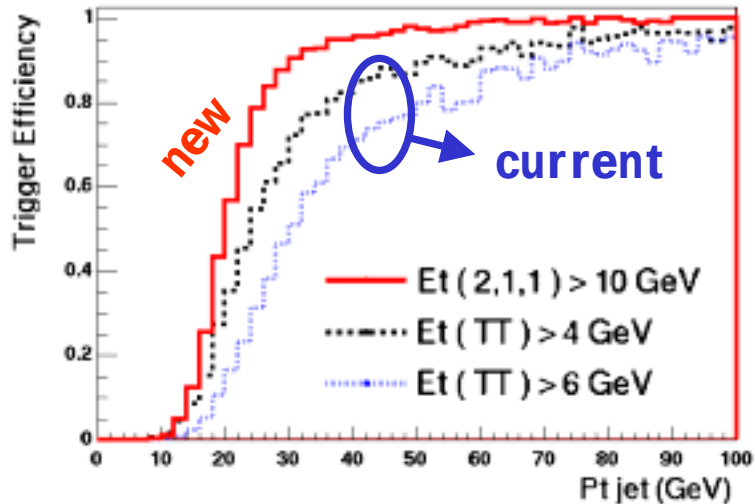


Simulation code

- Sliding window algorithms implemented in a D0 package (tsim_l1cal2b)
- Simulates jet, electron and global algos
- Parameters : RoI size, declustering, size of the “jet” or “elec” region, isolation ...
- Used in Saclay & Nevis for simulation studies
- Should be stable now ... (bug in the noise treatment introduced at some point.. Corrected in september)
- Jets : various algos studied & compared
Similar performances → use “2,1,1”
- Next : adapt to run the same code on data and MC

Few simulation results

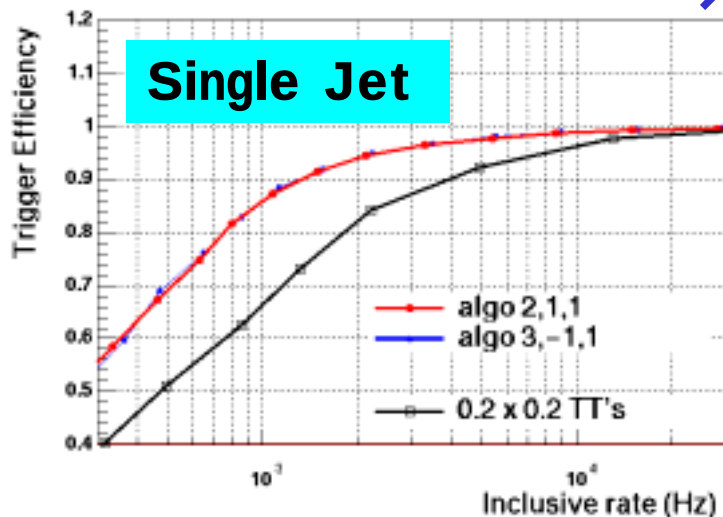
Turn-on curves : 2,1,1 algo vs current trigger



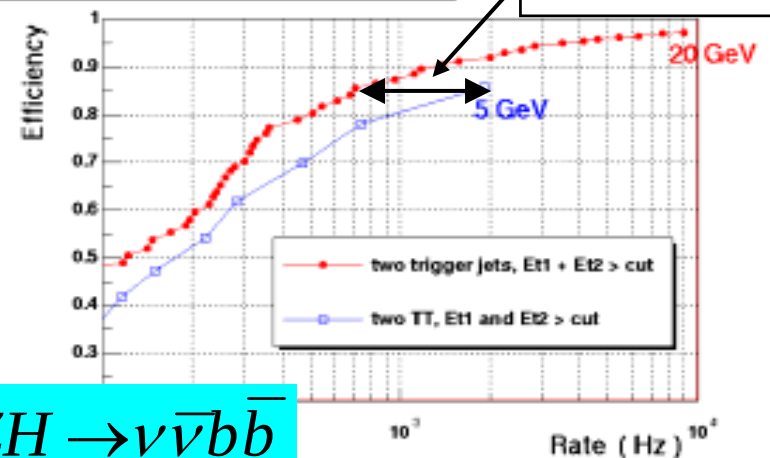
Sharper turn-on curves

Reduction of trigger rates

Selectivity for jets with Pt > 40 GeV, mb=7.5



Selectivity on ZH → νν + jets (mb=7.5)

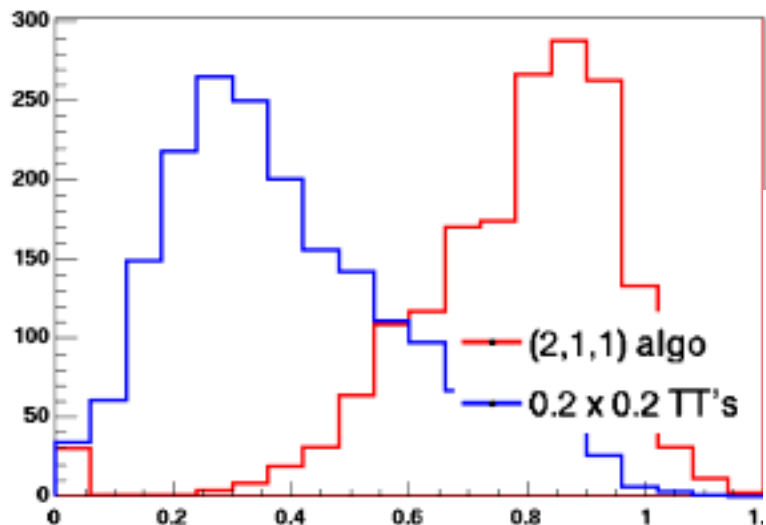


$ZH \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}b\bar{b}$

Performance on real data

Using the “Moriond” J/ψ sample :

Et (trigger) / Et (reco'd jet)



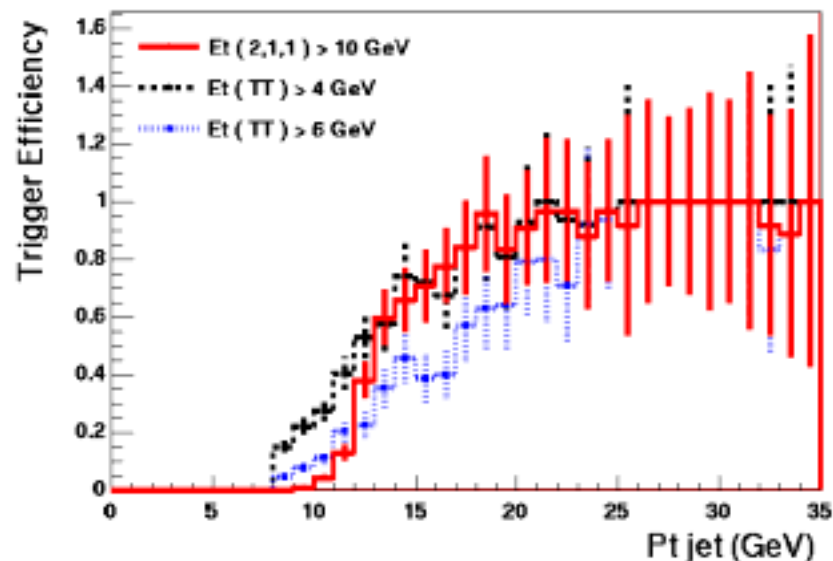
RMS / Mean :

23.8 % for (2,1,1) algo

53 % for current algo

Sharper turn-on curves

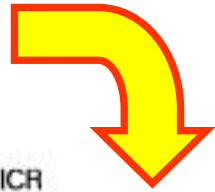
(2,1,1) algo vs current trigger, J/ψ sample



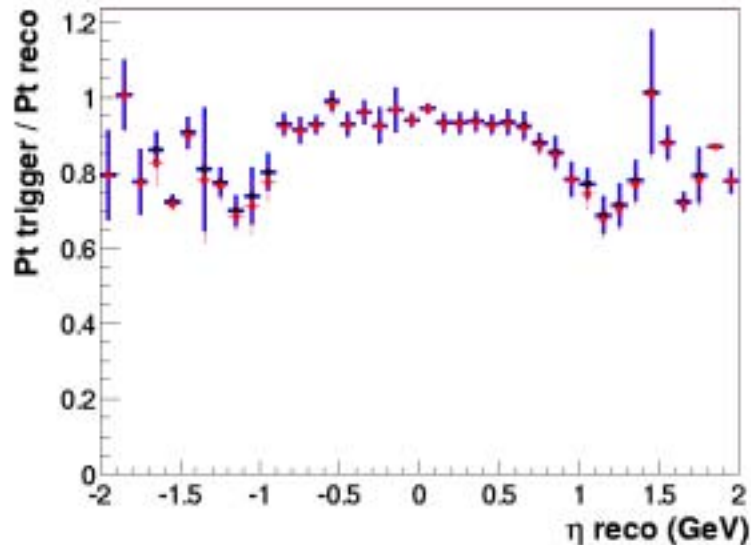
Agreement with simulation

Including ICR in trigger jets

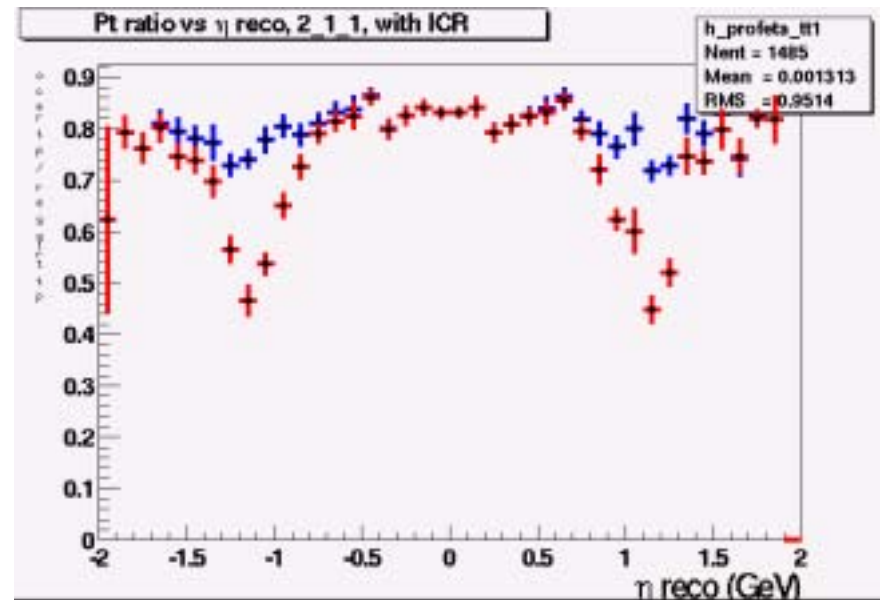
- Our “standard” files (7.5 mb) :
old version of d0sim
wrong energies for TT's in the
ICR region



Pt ratio vs η reco, TT_3_m1_1, without ICR



- On more recent files : see the
expected difference between
with / without ICR

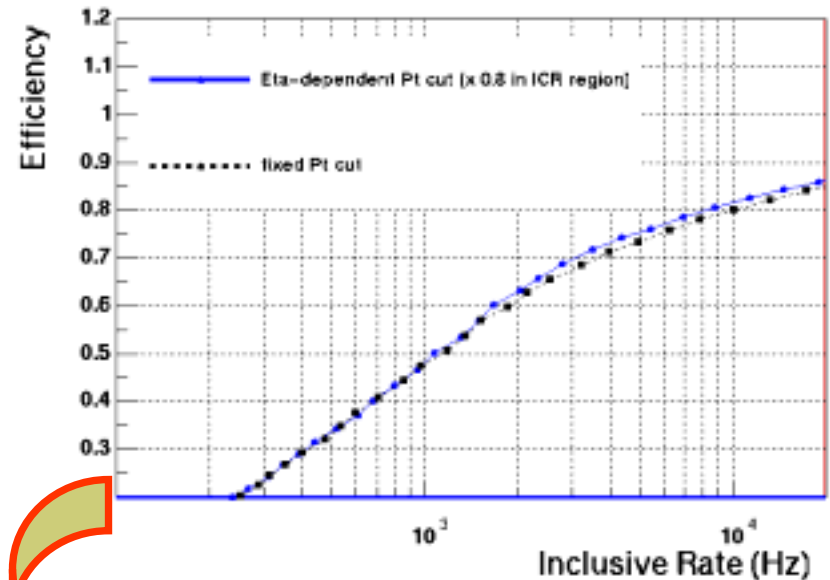
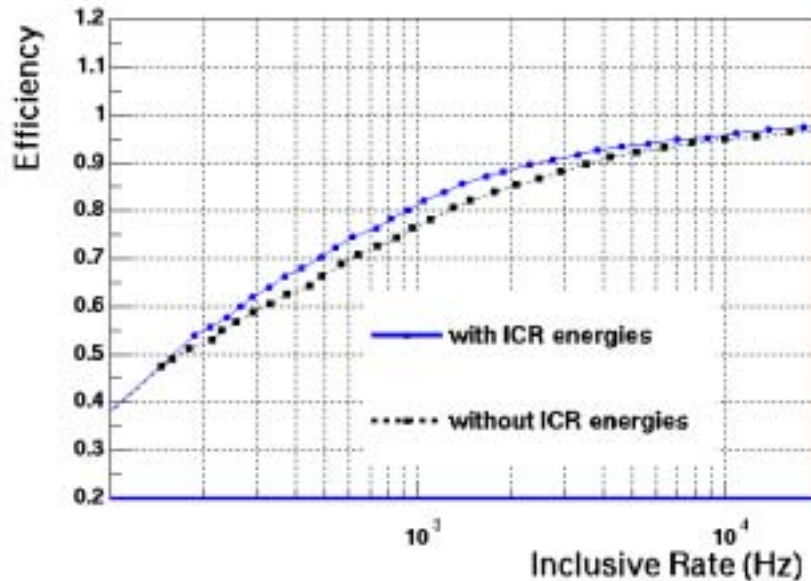


The 7.5 mb files will be re-processed (p13)
Meanwhile : can get a feeling of the effect
Using the precision readout

Including ICR in trigger jets

Using the precision readout :

Selectivity on $ZH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\nu\nu$; Require at least one Trigger jet in $|\eta| < 1.5$



Without ICR, using a η dependent Pt cut

→ Seems worthwhile to include ICR in the trigger jets

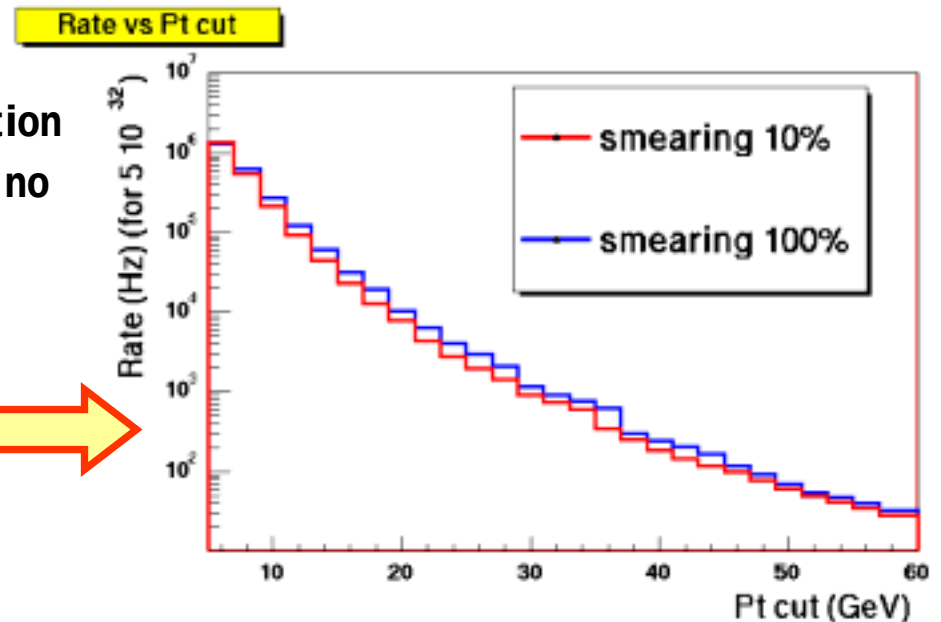
Study to be finalized with p13 files

Studies under way

•Effect of the TT's energy resolution on the trigger performances

Currently : use 10% resol in the simulation
Due to the digitisation step (0.25 GeV) no further improvement is expected when resolution becomes $< xxx\%$

→ First look by Mathieu Agelou



•TT's energy resolution on the data

Compare energies seen by the trigger with precision readout
Discussions (Jiri) with J. Kalk → know how to do