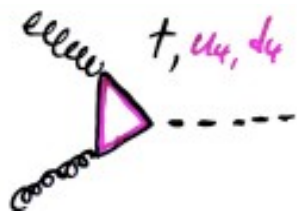


# DØ Higgs Searches and a 4<sup>th</sup> Family



AMPLITUDE  $\times 3$   
OVER SM

Andy Haas  
Columbia University  
*on behalf of the DØ experiment*

“Beyond 3 SM Families at the LHC”  
CERN

Sept. 4-5, 2008

# DØ and the Tevatron

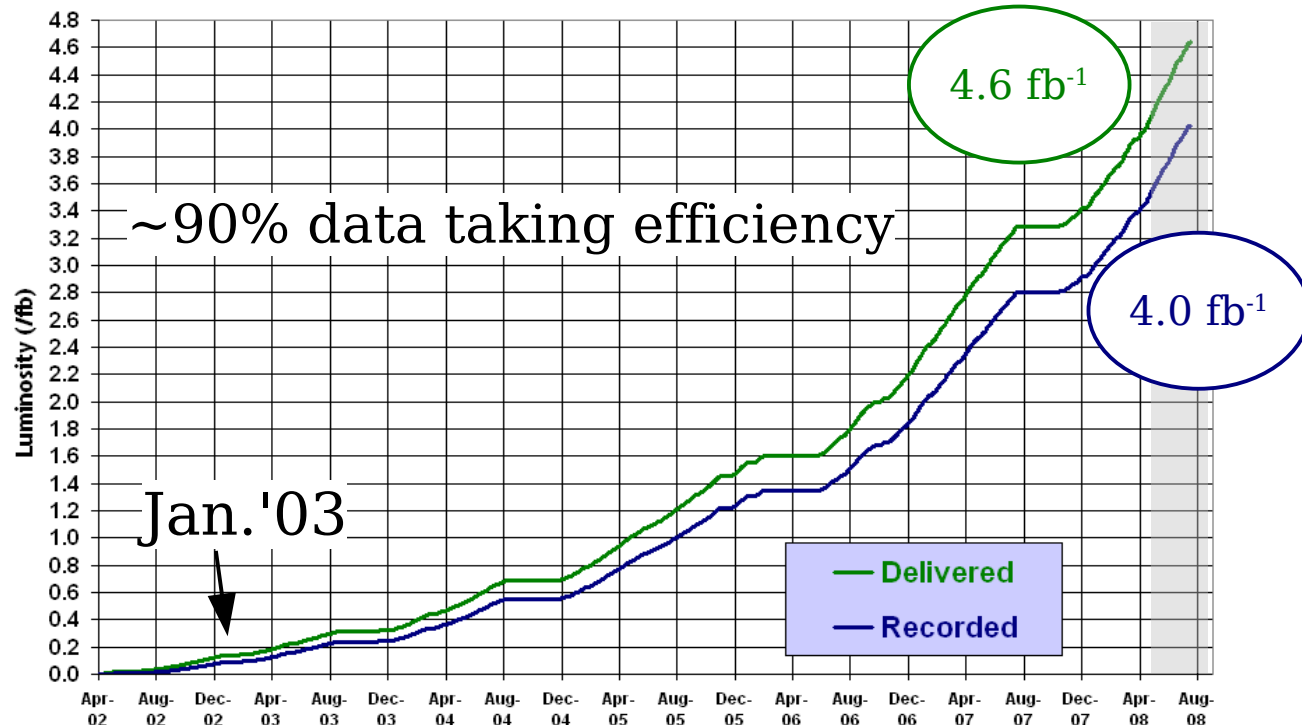
Running (again) since ~2003  
p-pbar, sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV

**Data recorded May 31 shown at ICHEP July 31!**  
**Up to 3.0/fb of good data analyzed**  
~14% data quality loss, ~75% overall efficiency



Run II Integrated Luminosity

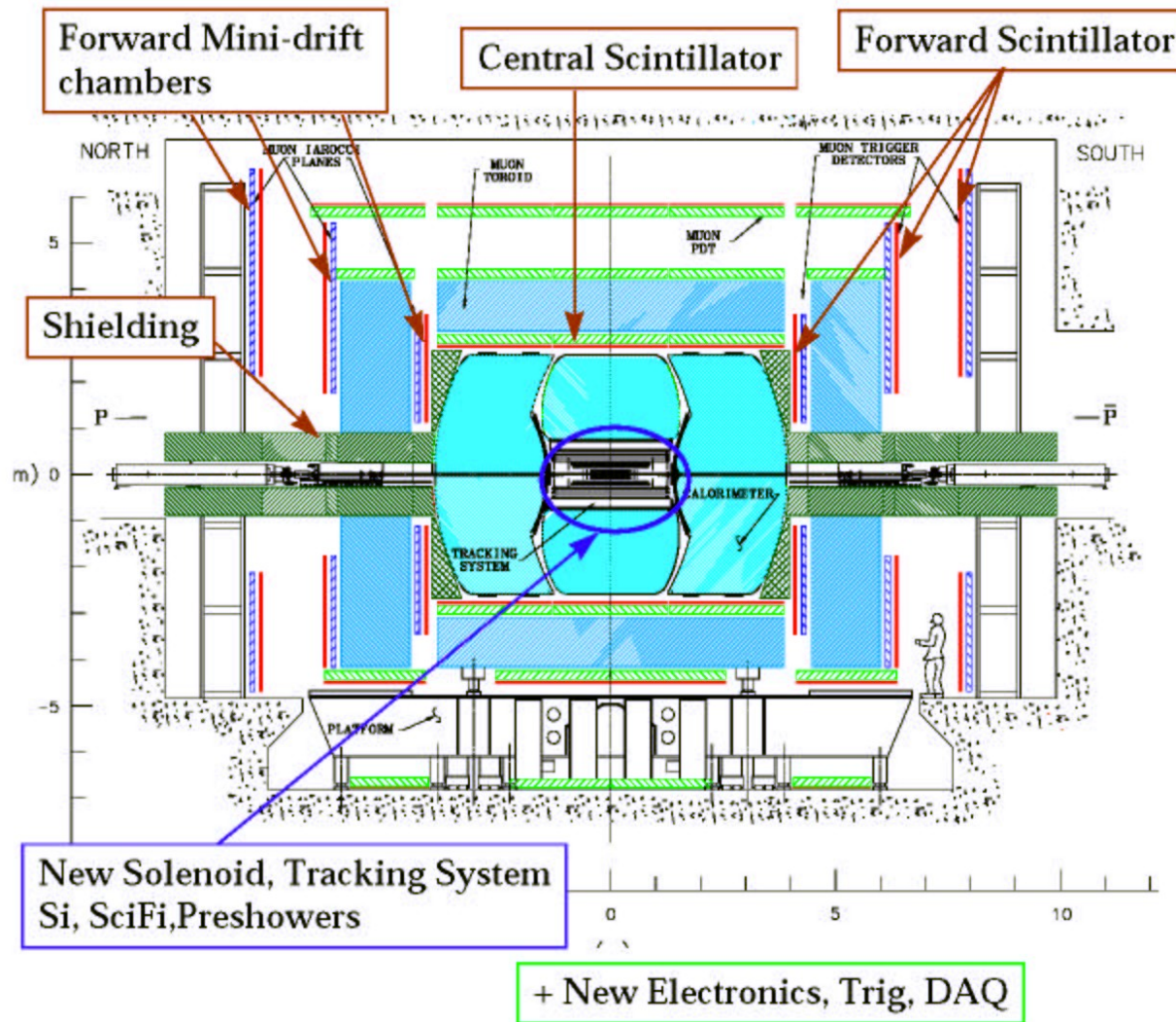
19 April 2002 - 3 August 2008



**Tevatron and DØ  
both performing  
very well!**

$>3e32 \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

DØ



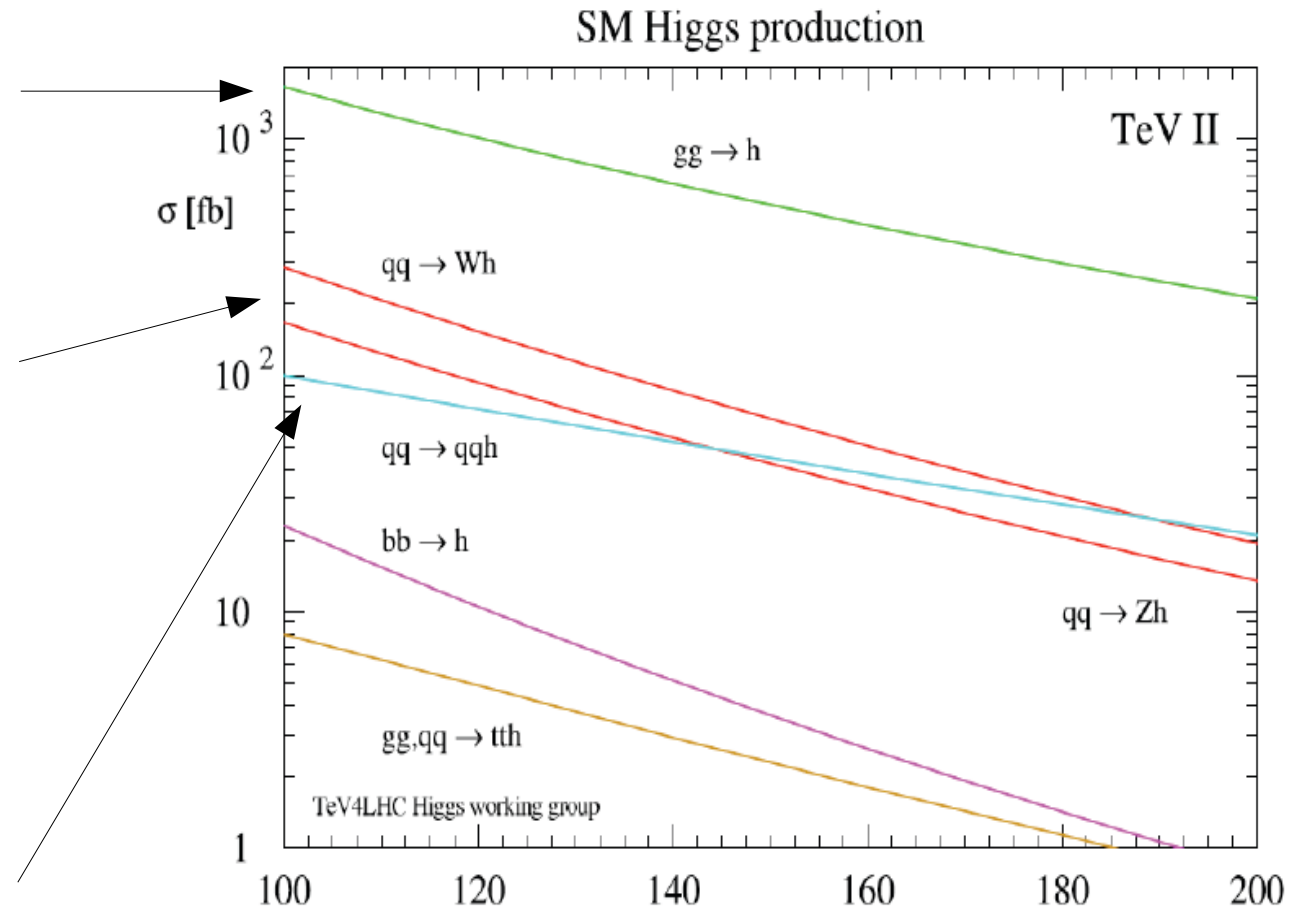
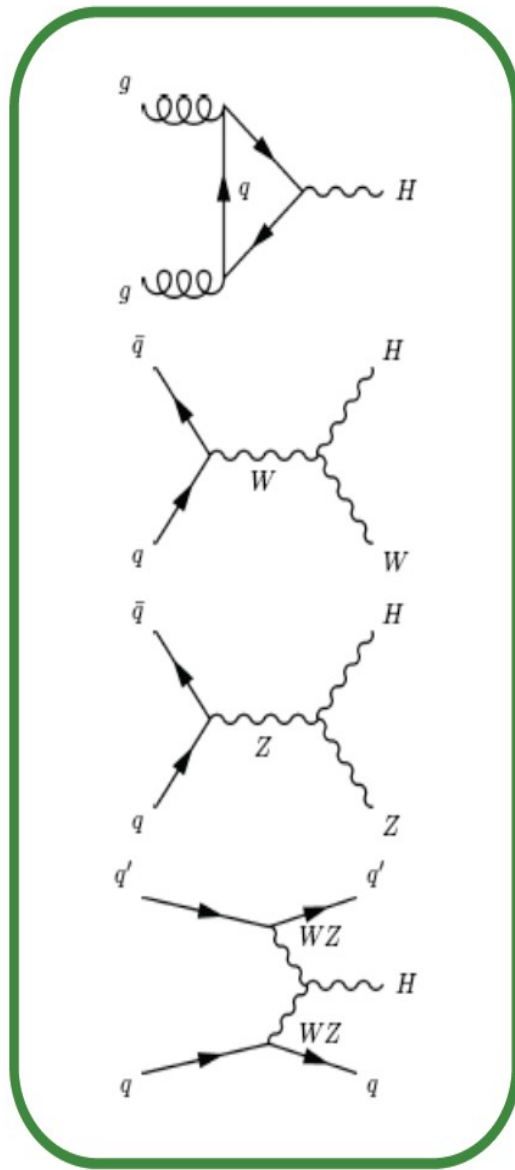
Electrons / photons  
Muons  
Jets / b-jets / taus  
 $ME_T$



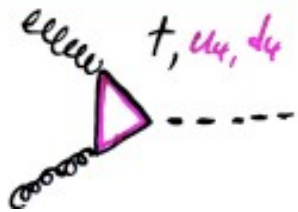
September 2007

Collaboration is ~300 FTE's

# SM Higgs Production at the Tevatron



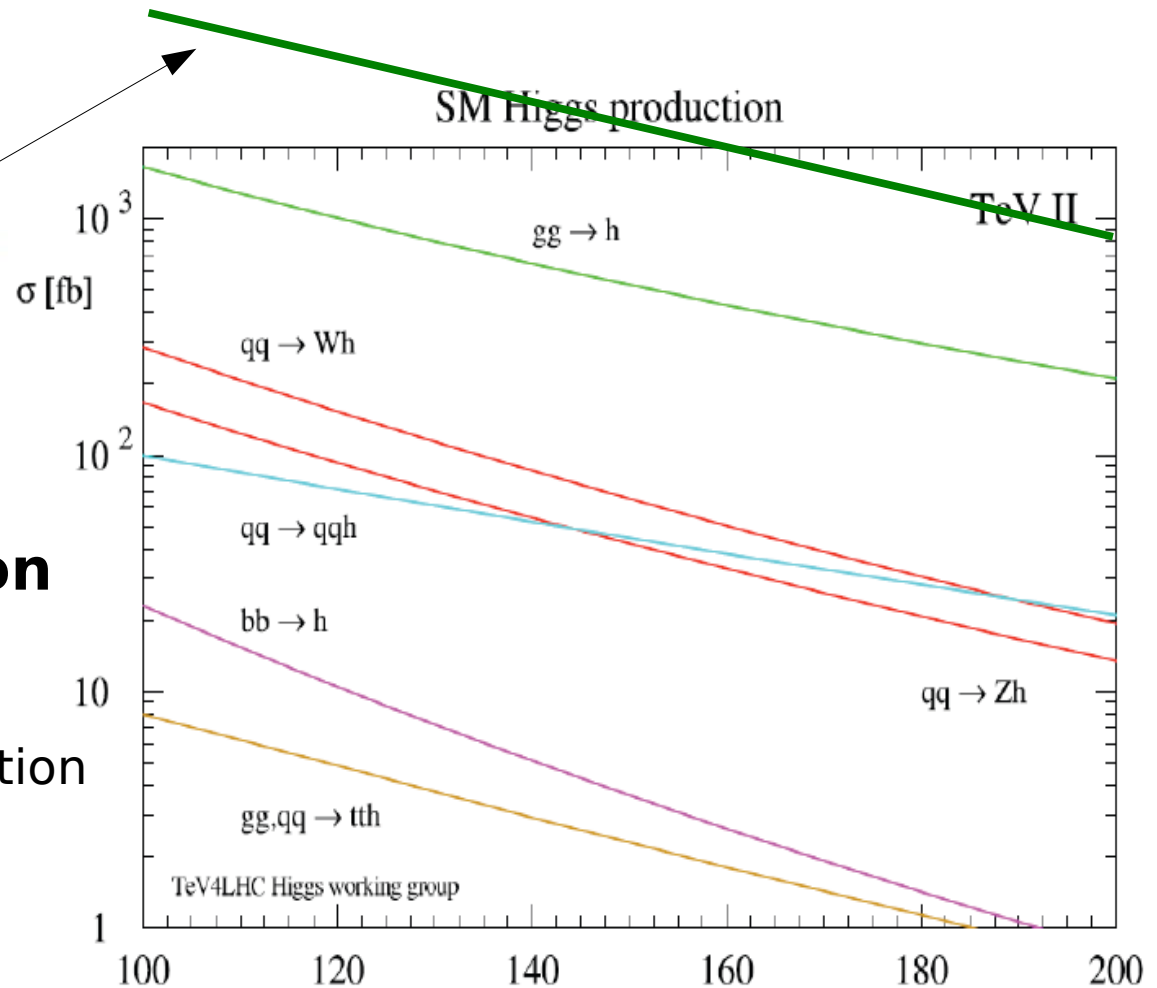
# SM Higgs Production at the 4<sup>th</sup> Gen. Tevatron



AMPLITUDE  $\times 3$   
OVER SM

**~9x larger cross-section  
for  $gg \rightarrow h$  !**

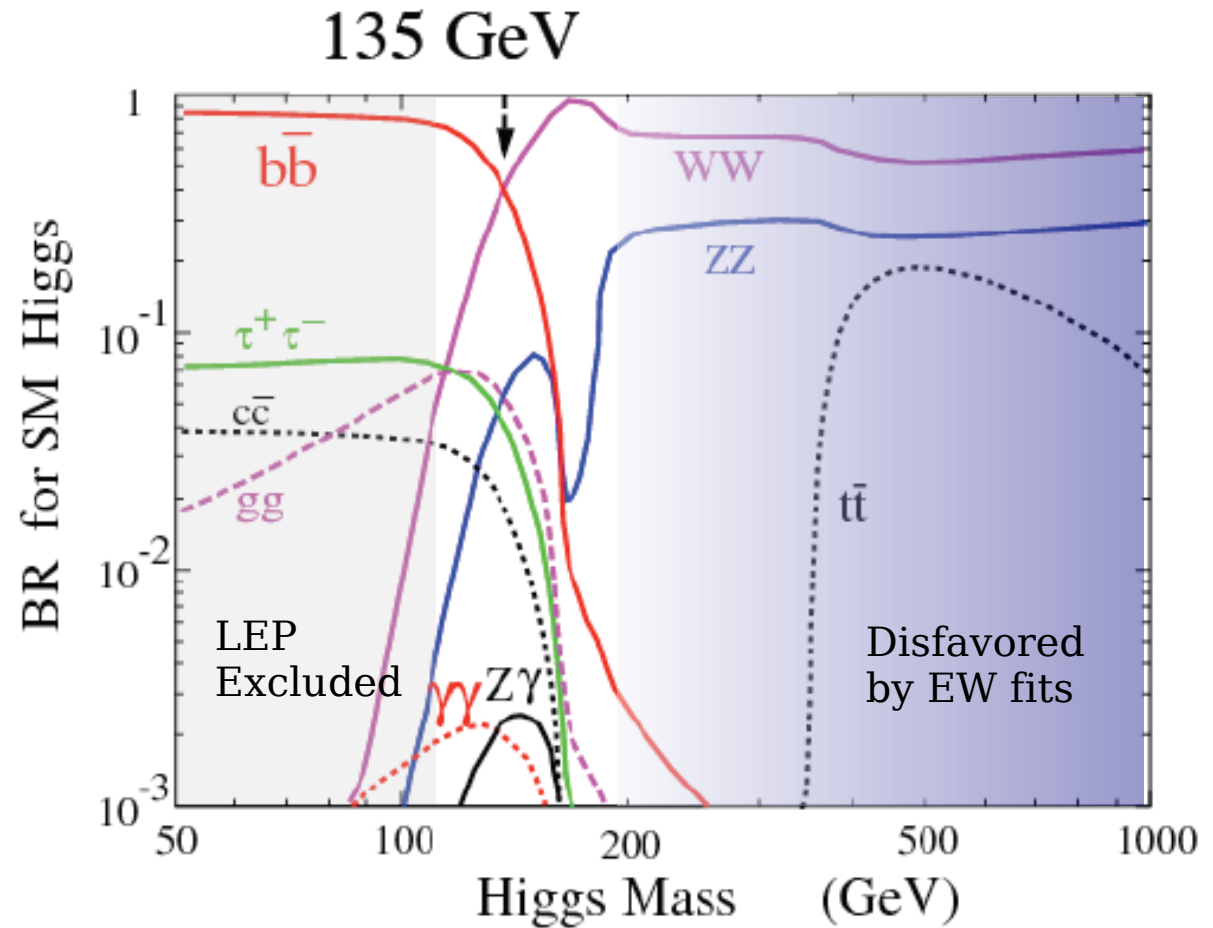
Need to understand this prediction  
in detail as a function of  $m_h$



# SM Higgs Decay

Low mass:  $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

High mass:  $h \rightarrow WW$



# 4<sup>th</sup> Gen. SM Higgs Decay

$h \rightarrow bb$ ,  $h \rightarrow gg$  infeasible

Need  $W/Z+h$ ,  $h \rightarrow bb$  - *suppressed!*

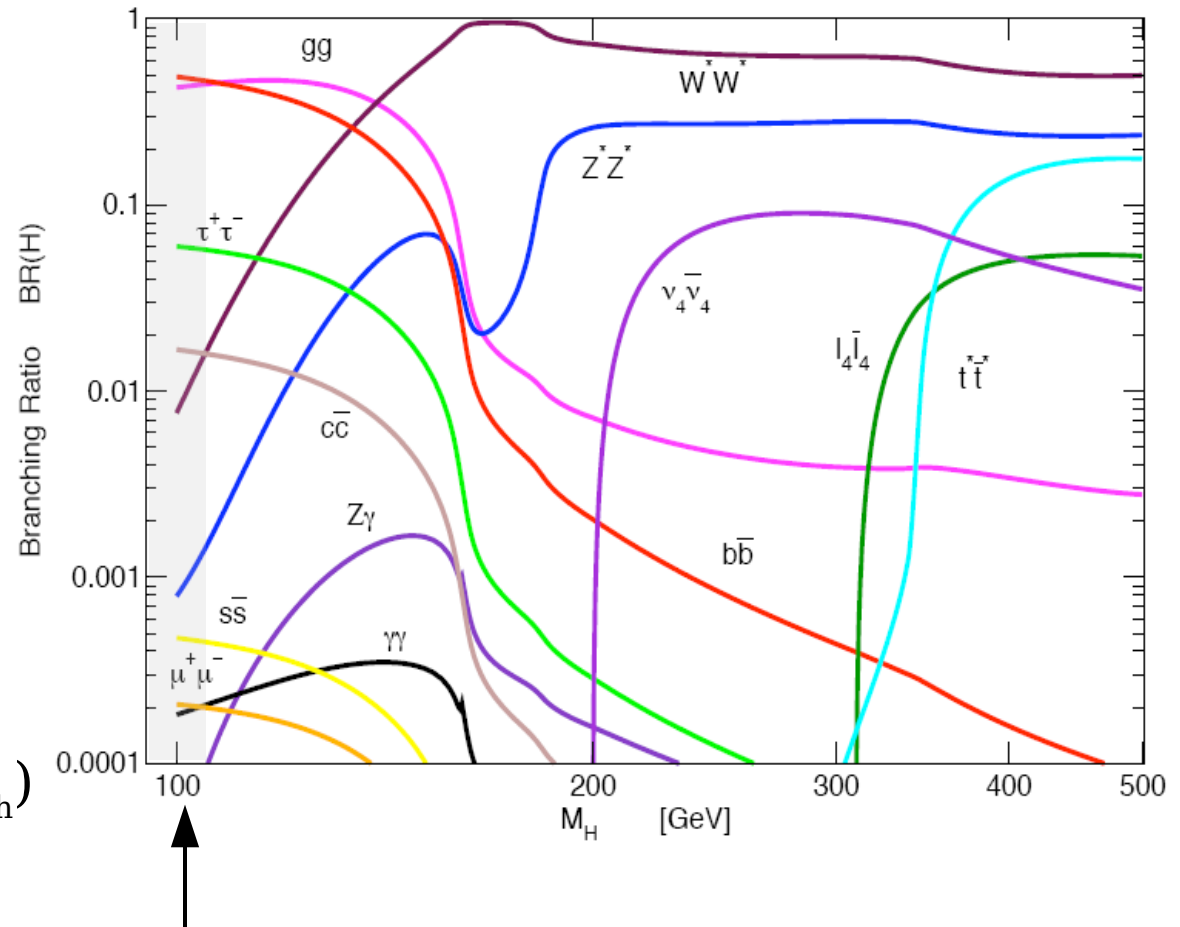
$\gamma\gamma$  *suppressed* by 4<sup>th</sup> gen., but may still be powerful at very low mass

$\tau\tau$ ,  $\mu\mu$  might be useful, but drown by  $Z$  background?

$h \rightarrow WW$  (and  $ZZ$ )

Shining stars!

(but BR drops off fast at low  $m_h$ )



**Where exactly is the LEP limit?**  
**Should be <114.4 GeV... ~110 GeV?**

$$h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

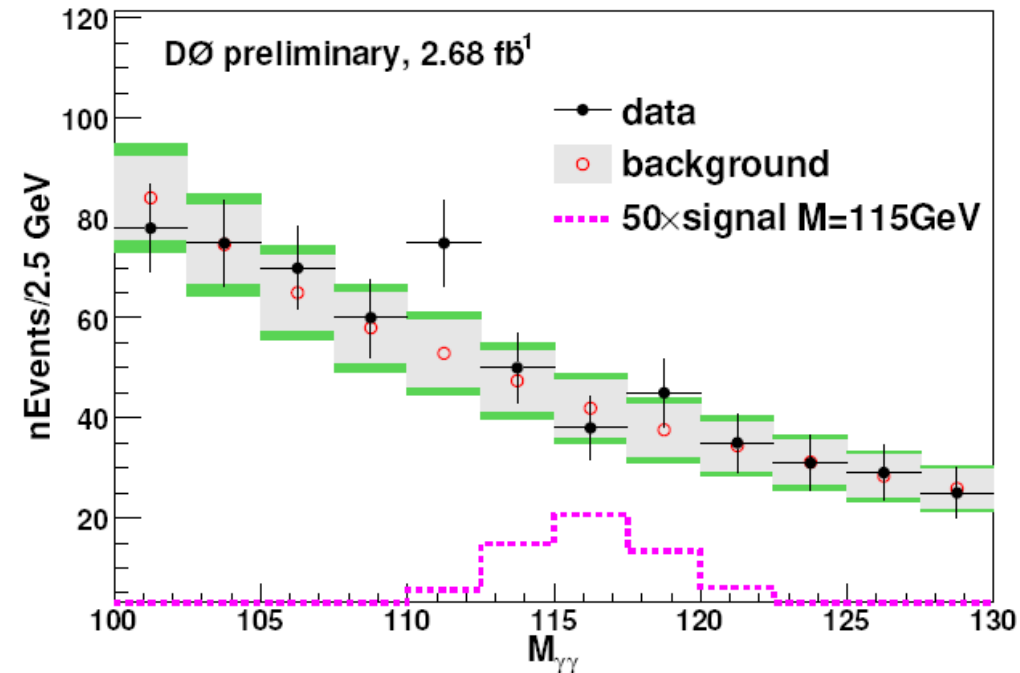
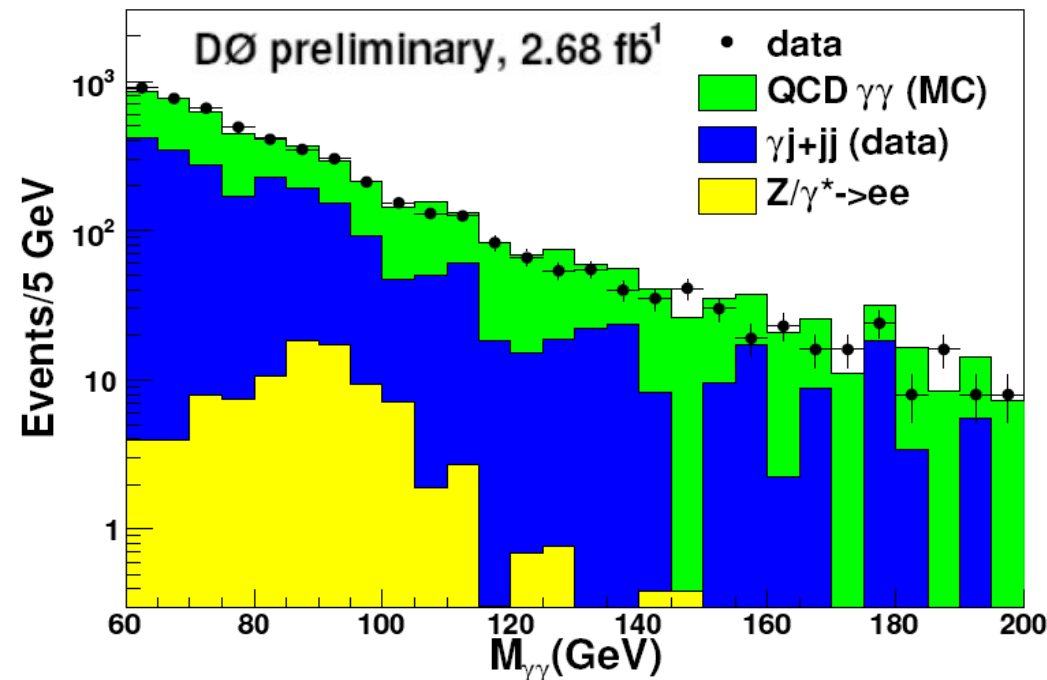
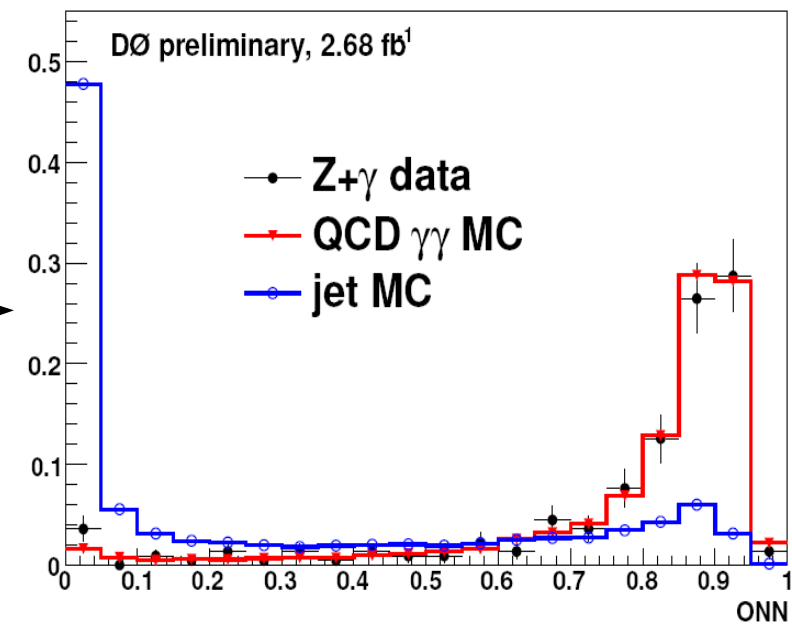
Tiny cross-section, but relatively clean

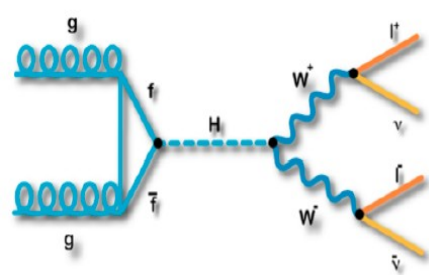
Advanced photon-ID Neural Network  $\longrightarrow$

Di-jet and  $\gamma$ +jet measured in data

Data agrees with Pythia re-weighted to DIPHOX

Limit  $\sim 23\times$  SM @115 GeV, *but may work at LHC*



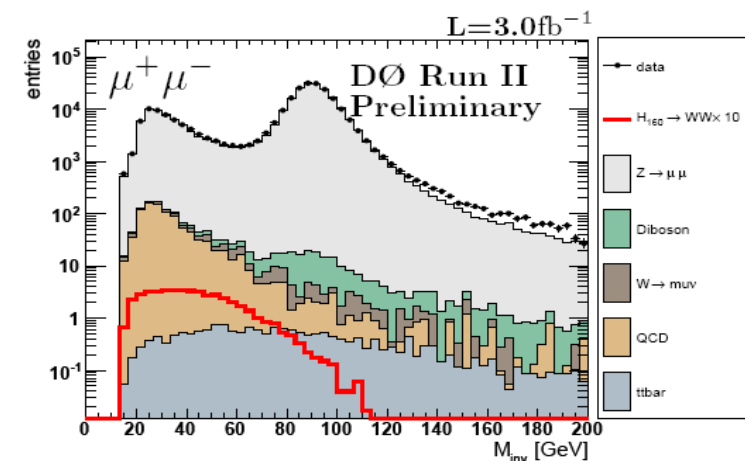
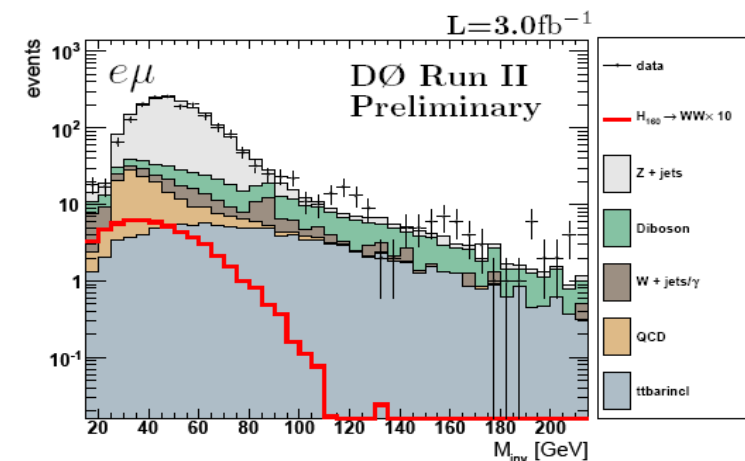
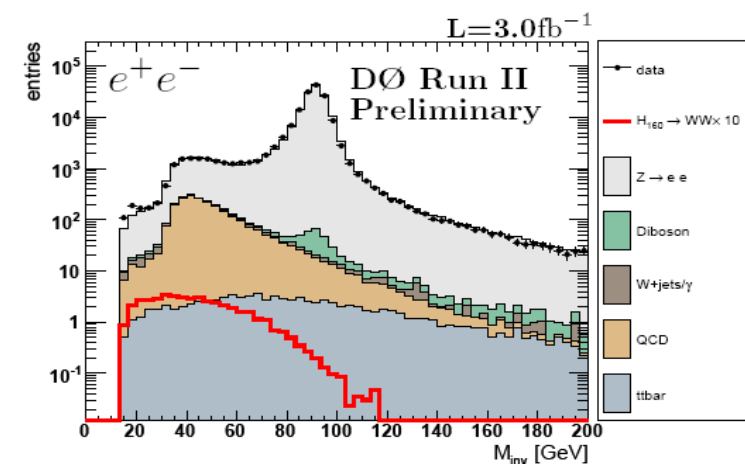
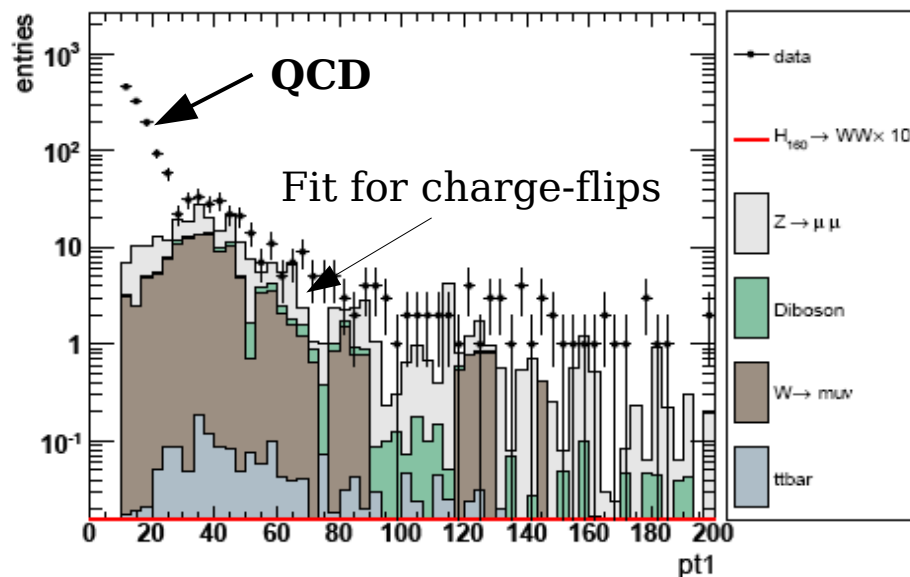


$$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$$

**3.0/fb**

Select di-lepton events ( $\sim 100\%$  trigger eff.)  
Study and compare to  $Z \rightarrow ee, \mu\mu, \tau\tau (\rightarrow e\mu)$

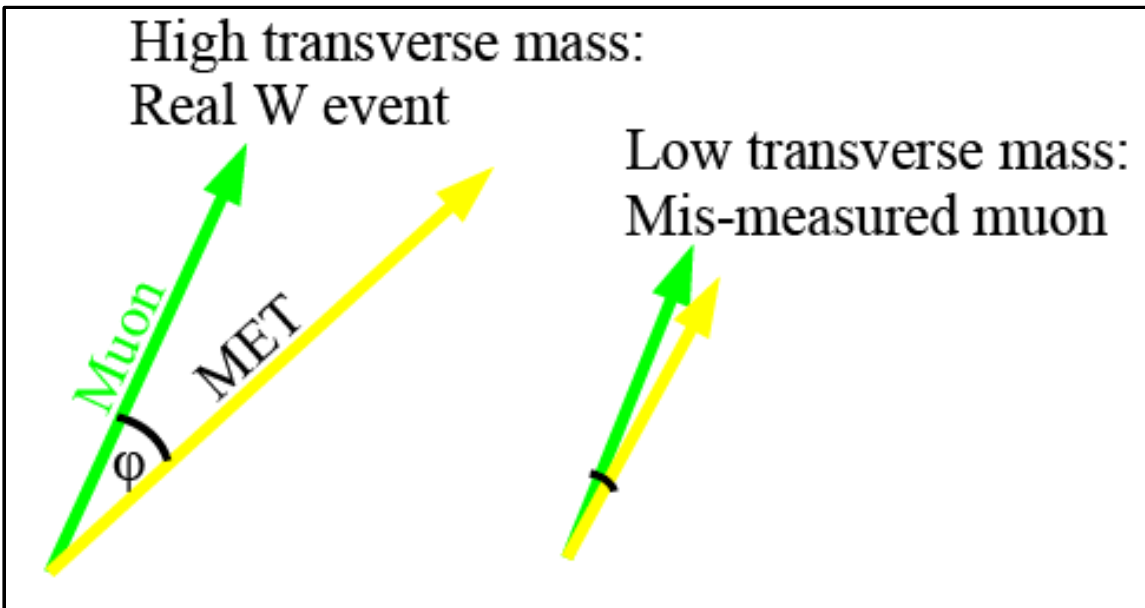
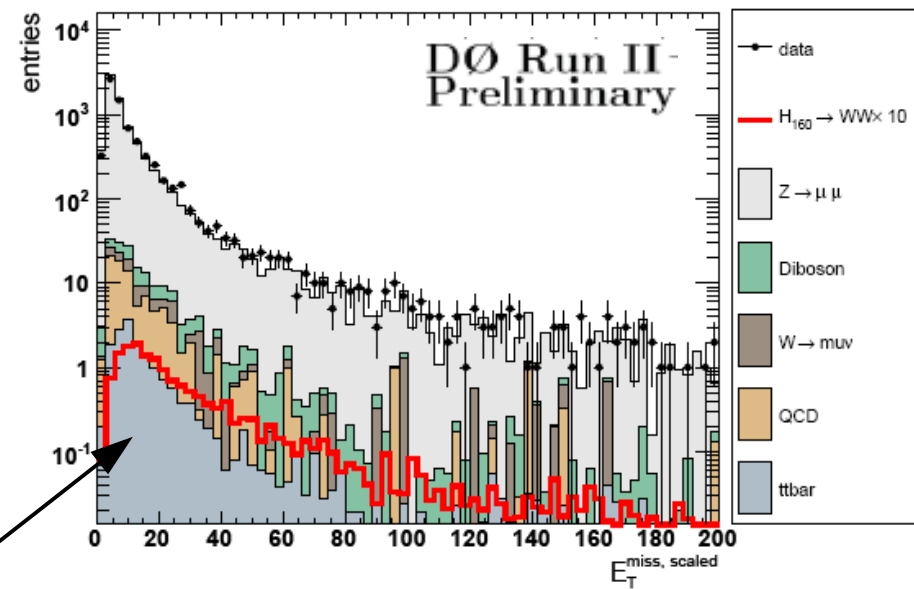
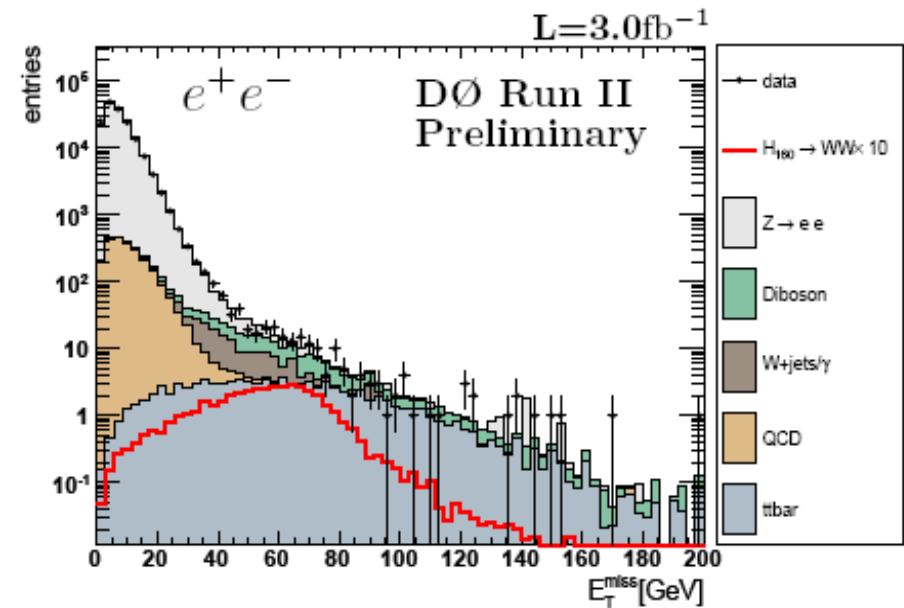
QCD determined from like-sign data  
(accounting for other backgrounds)



$$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$$

Signal has large  $E_T$  and  $E_T$  significance

$E_T$  is not aligned with either lepton



$$E_T^{\text{Scaled}} = \frac{E_T}{\sqrt{\sum_{\text{jets}} (\Delta E^{\text{jet}} \cdot \sin \theta^{\text{jet}} \cdot \cos \Delta \phi(\text{jet}, E_T))^2}}$$

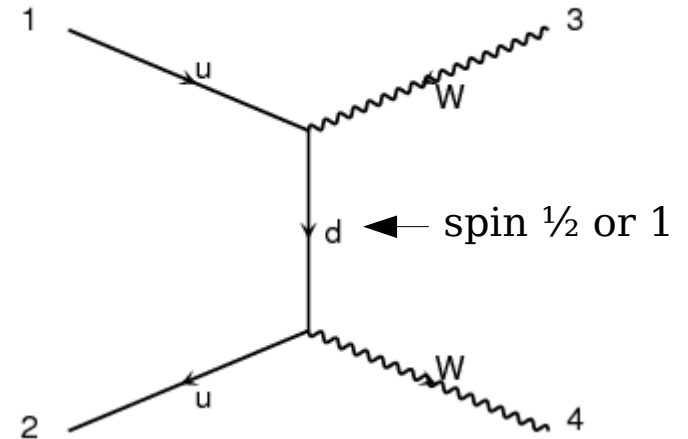
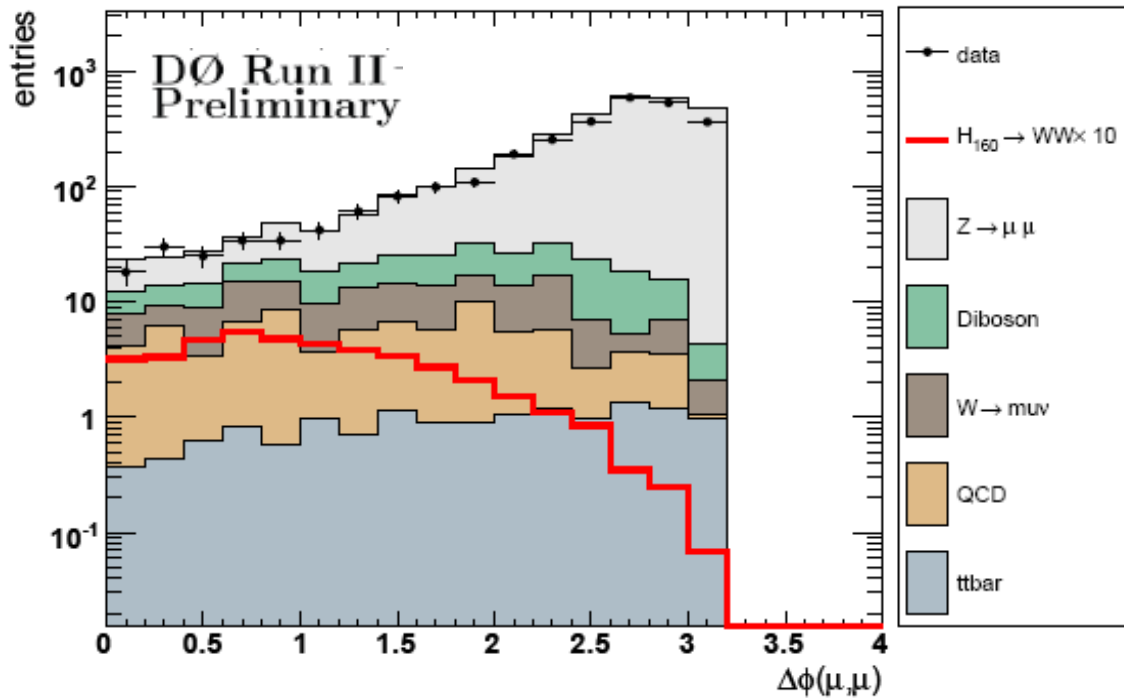
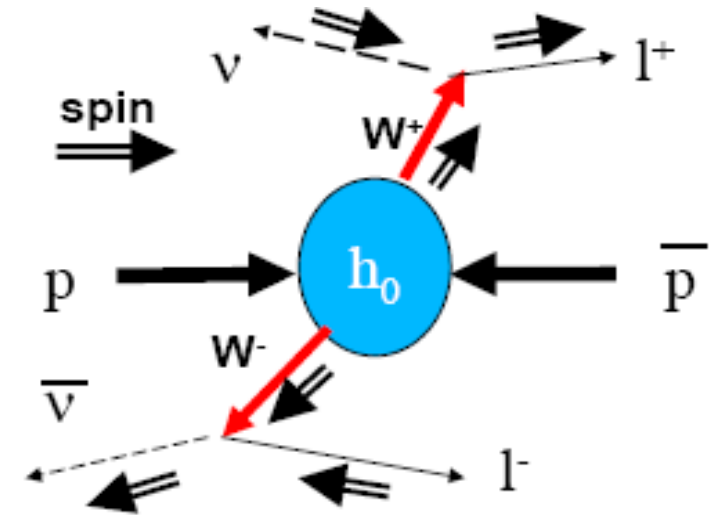
$MET$  projected  
onto jet direction

# H $\rightarrow$ WW $\rightarrow$ $l\nu l\nu$

Higgs is a scalar,  
leptons are more aligned

qq  $\rightarrow$  WW (spin  $\frac{1}{2}$  quark, spin 1 boson),  
leptons are less aligned

Z  $\rightarrow$  ll is also back-to-back, not aligned



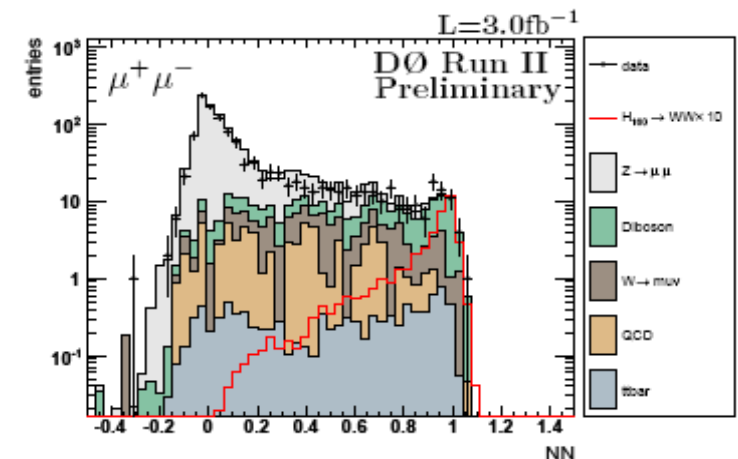
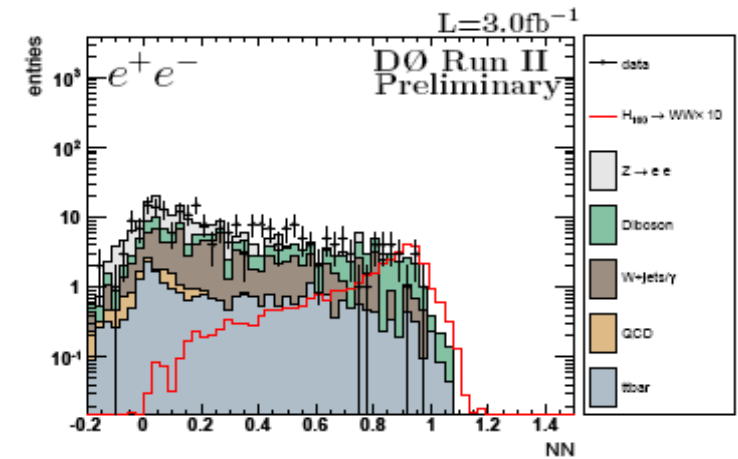
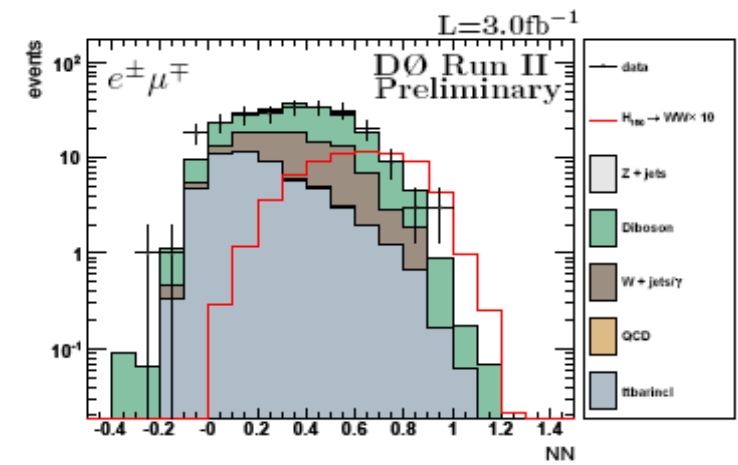
$$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$$

Artificial Neural Net used to separate signal

- Trained against weighted sum of all backgrounds
- Each lepton channel independently
- Each mass (every 5 GeV) independently

**~30% more sensitive than cut-based analysis**

| Object Variables                | Event Var             | Topo Var               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| $P_T^{l1} \text{ \& } P_T^{l2}$ | $M_{inv}(l,l)$        | $\Delta\phi(l,l)$      |
| $\Sigma \text{ lepton } P_T$    | $M_t^{\min}(1, E_T)$  | $\Delta\phi(E_T, l_1)$ |
| $\Sigma \text{ jet } P_T (H_T)$ | $E_T$                 | $\Delta\phi(E_T, l_2)$ |
| Lepton Quality                  | $E_t^{\text{scalar}}$ |                        |



# $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$

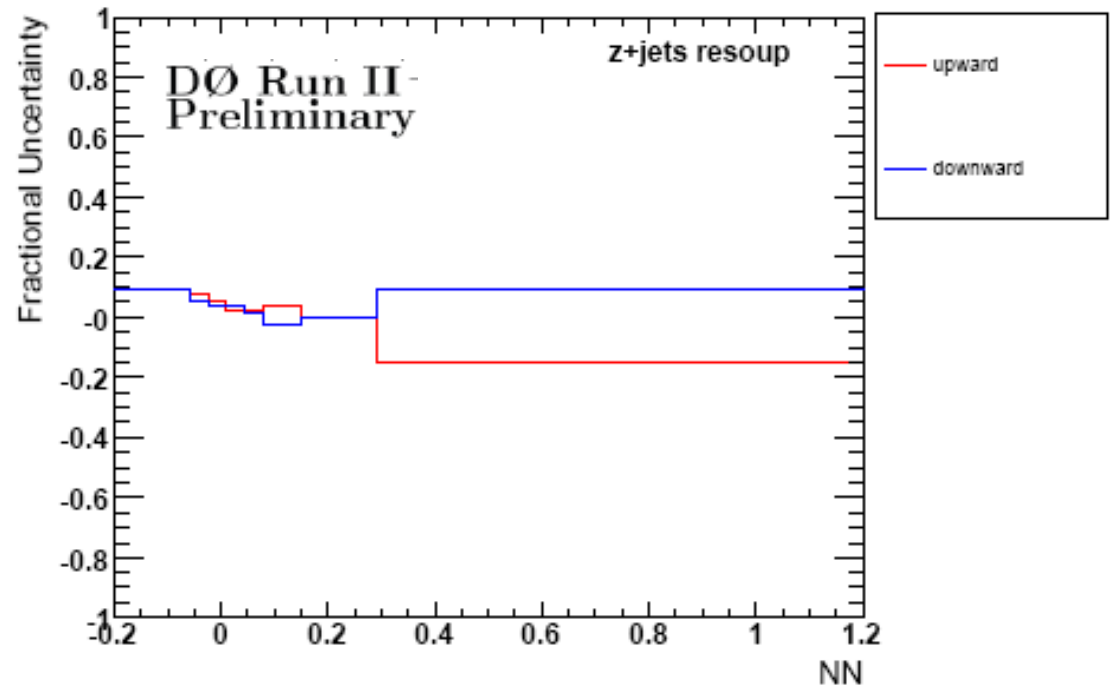
## Flat systematics:

- Lepton efficiencies (2-8%)
- Lepton momentum scale (2%)
- Theoretical cross-sections (7-10%)
- Jet  $\rightarrow$  lepton fake rate (10%)
- QCD normalization (30%)

## Shape systematics (on NN output):

- Jet efficiency (6%)
- Jet energy scale (7%)
- Jet energy resolution (3%)
- Inst. luminosity (0.3%)
- Interaction region (1%)
- Boson  $p_T$  (5%)

## Change in NN output when varying jet resolution

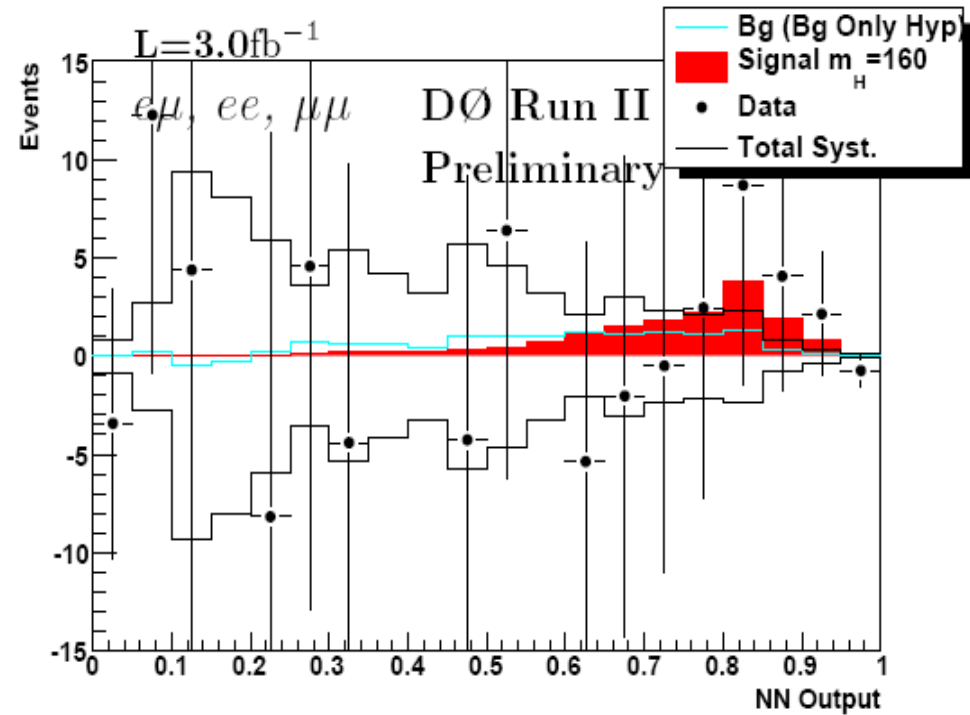
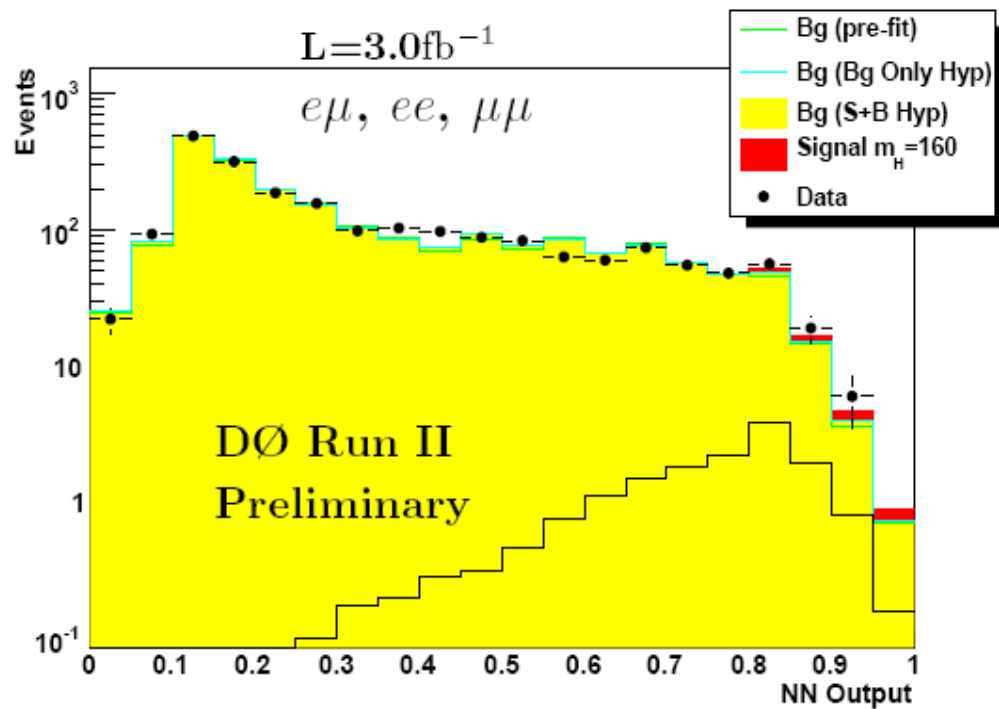


# $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$

Backgrounds are large!

Systematics under control

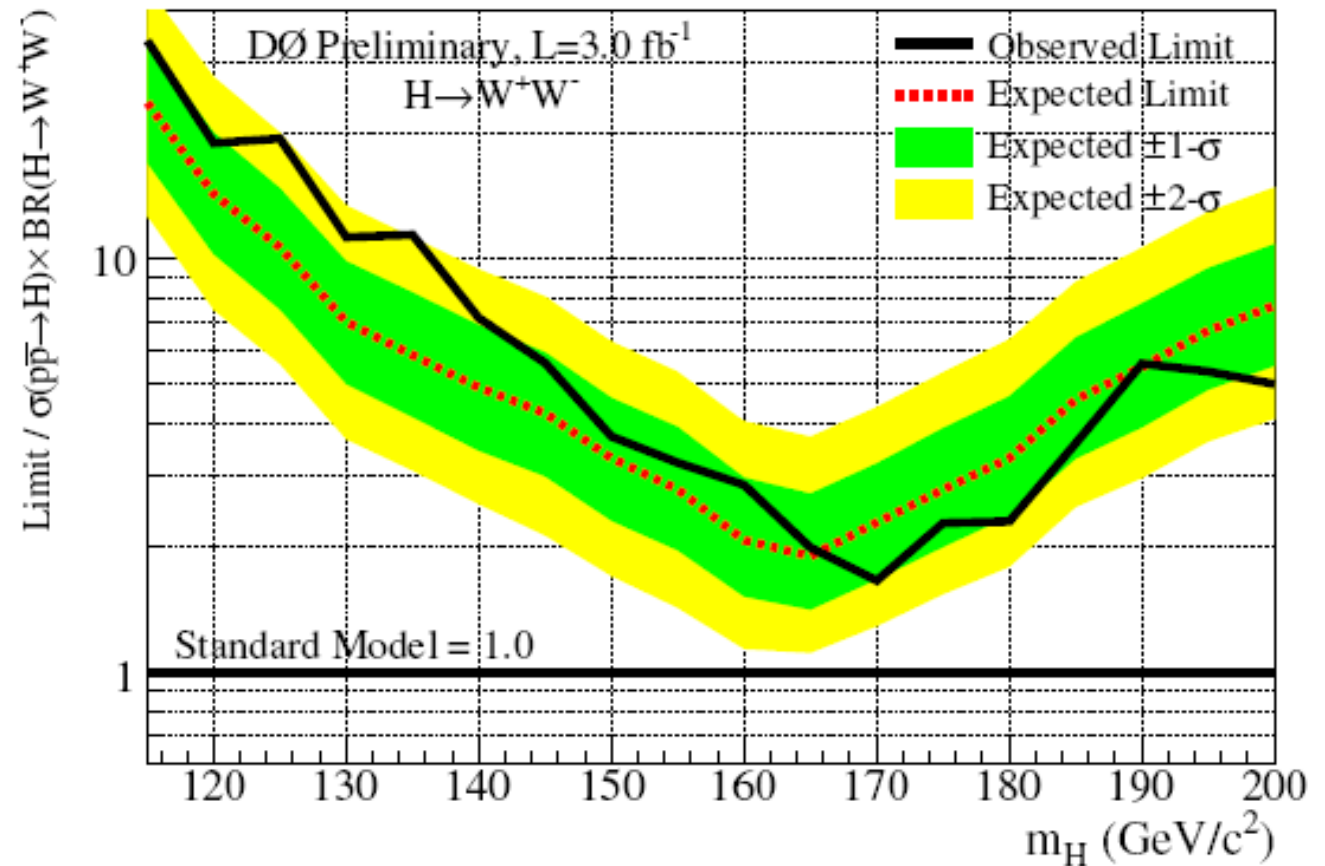
- but further understanding will improve sensitivity



# $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$

Output of NN used to set limits at 95% CL every 5 GeV

$CL_s$  method with log-likelihood ratio test statistic

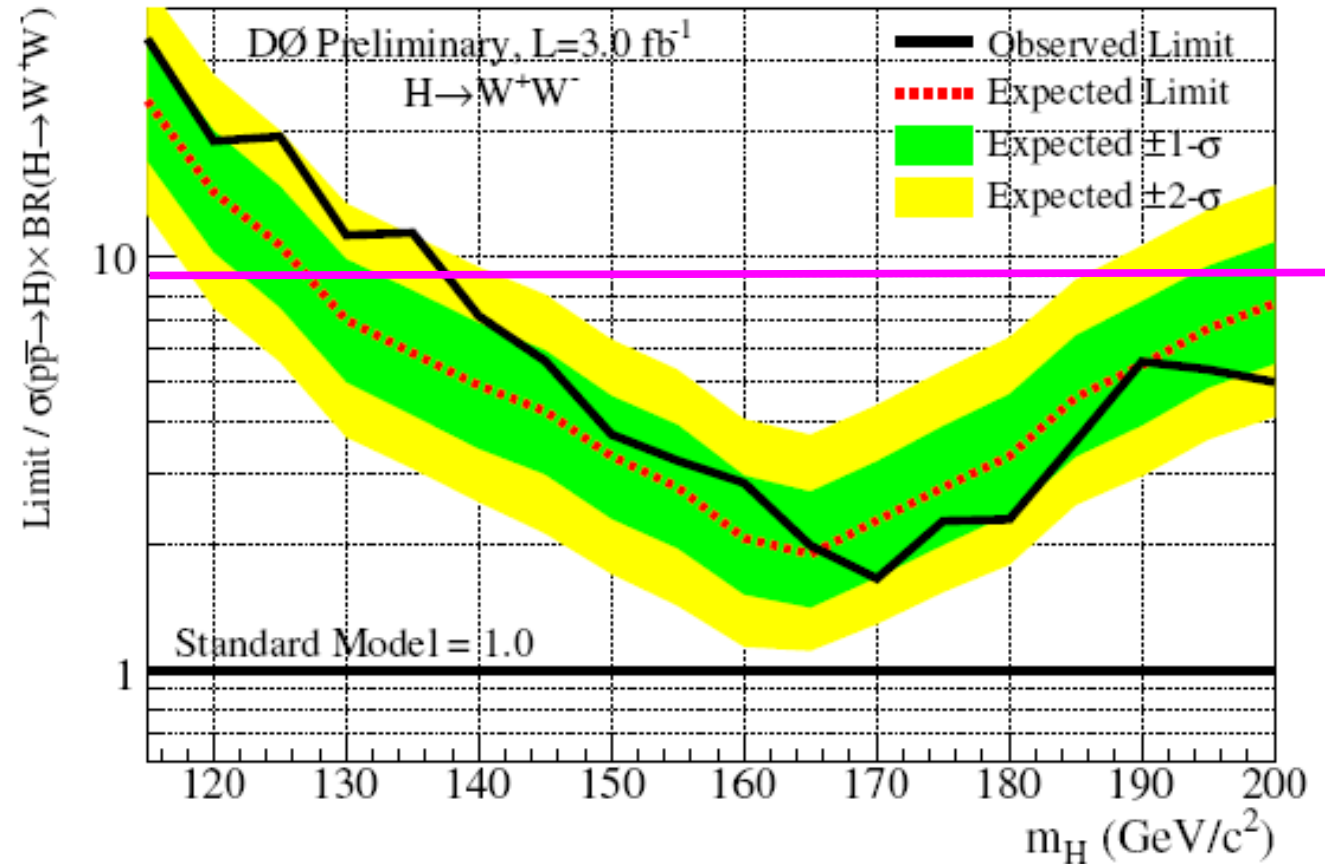


# H $\rightarrow$ WW $\rightarrow$ $l\nu l\nu$

Need to learn exactly how to draw the purple line as a function of  $m_h$

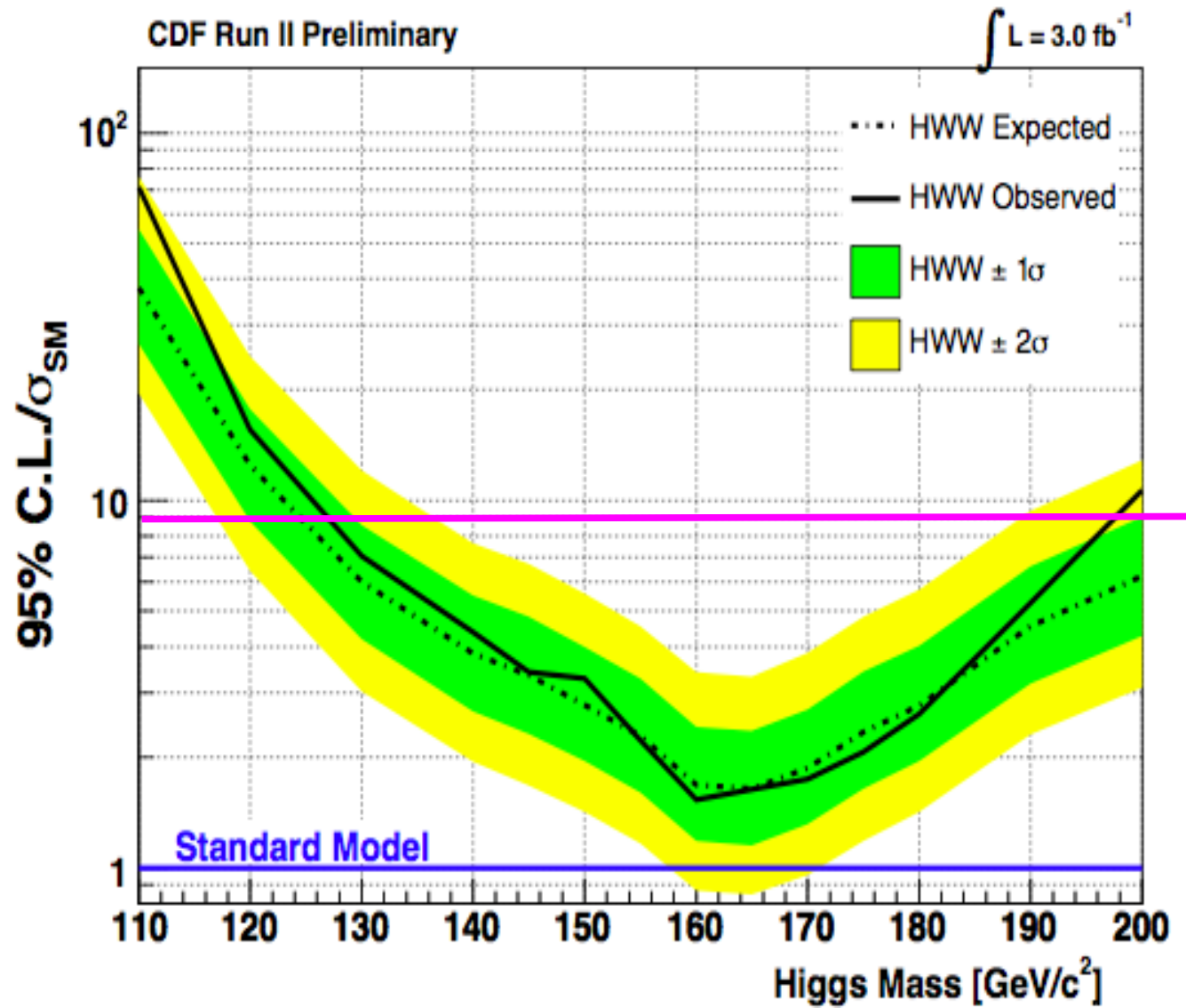
- gg  $\rightarrow$  h enhancement
- BR(h  $\rightarrow$  WW)

Only include gg  $\rightarrow$  h signal  
(This plot has VBF too, ~10% effect)



$$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$$

CDF has a similar result



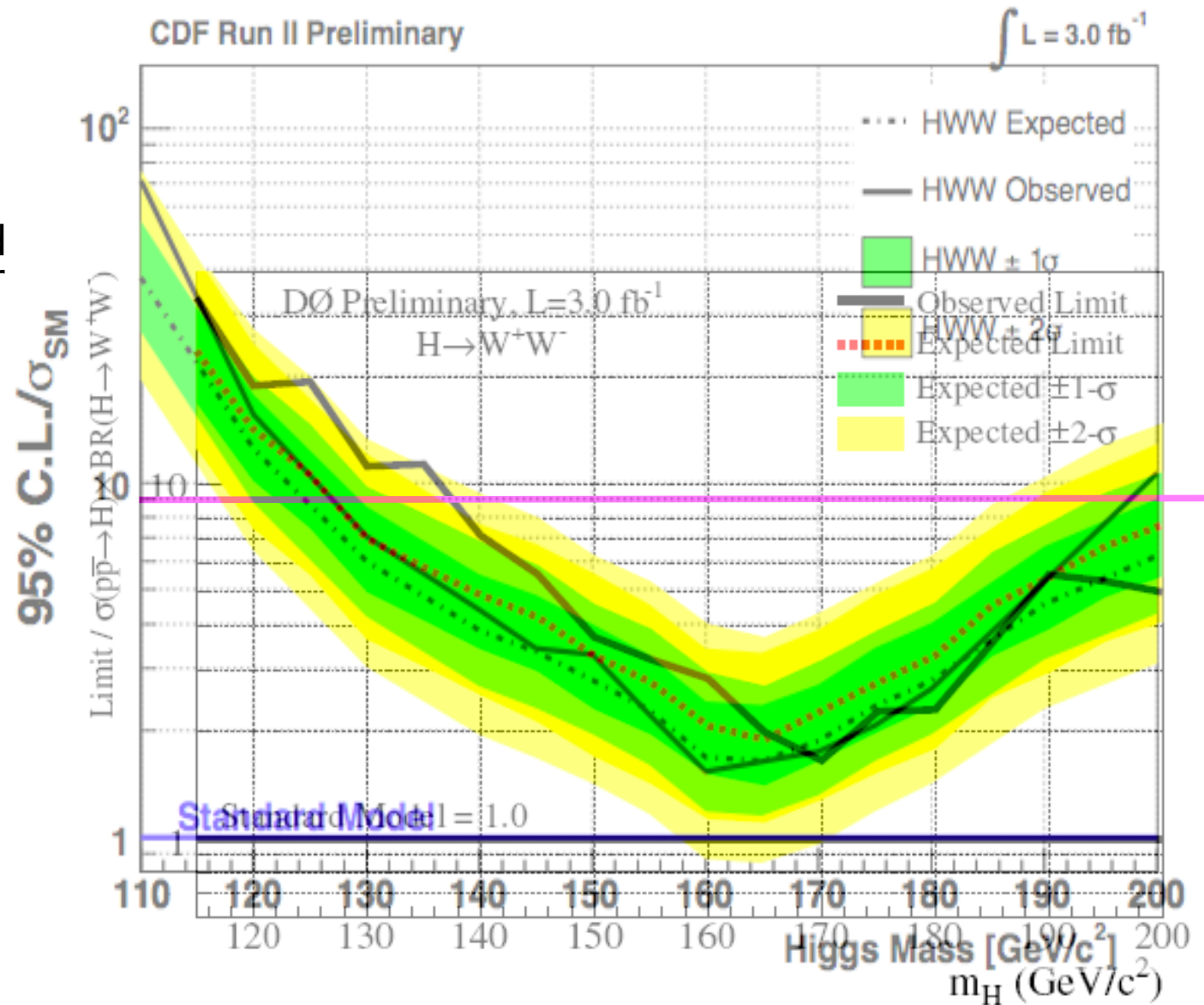
# H- $\rightarrow$ WW- $\rightarrow$ $l\nu l\nu$

Need to combine!

Machinery in place and used extensively for SM combinations

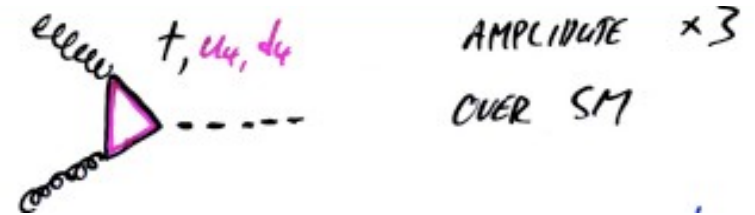
Will give sqrt(2) times more sensitivity

Include  $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  ?



# Conclusions

4<sup>th</sup> family enhances  $gg \rightarrow h$  cross-section dramatically!



**DØ already has sensitivity to a  
~130 – 200 GeV Higgs (in 4<sup>th</sup> family model)**  
(~120 – 220 GeV if combined with CDF)

Precise interpretation in 4<sup>th</sup> family model and DØ / CDF combination underway...

***With full Tevatron data and analysis improvements,  
sensitive from LEP lower limit (110 GeV?) to ~240 GeV?***

## Backup

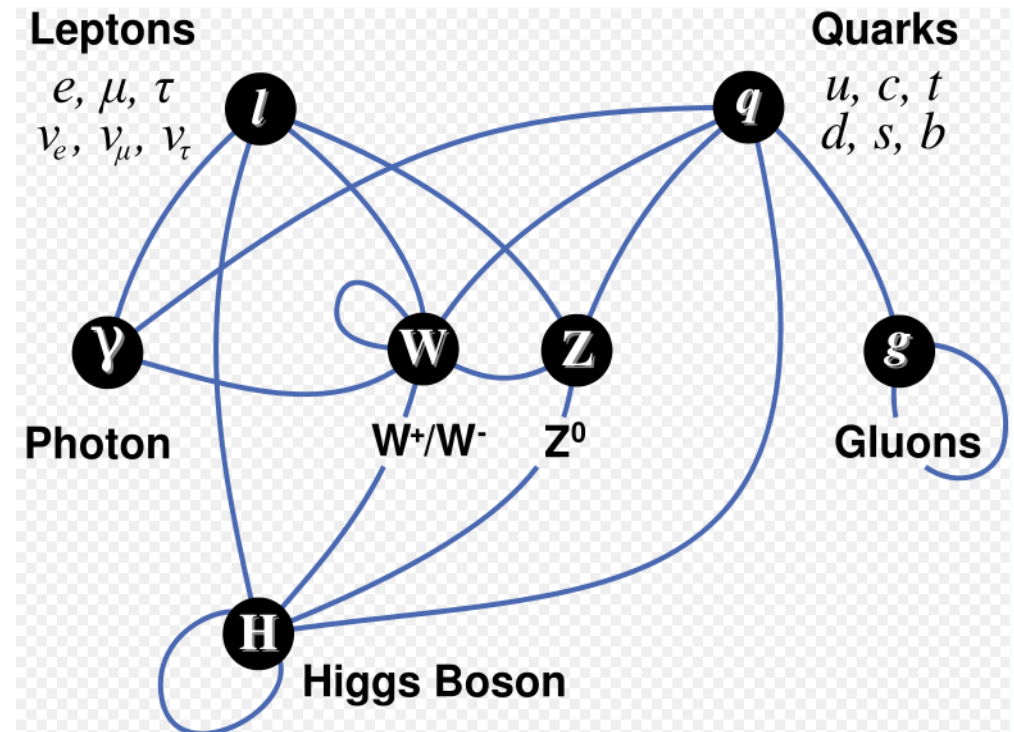
# The Higgs Boson

Postulated in the 1960's as a way to give mass to the W/Z bosons

Can also give masses to fermions

**Only Standard Model particle not yet observed!**

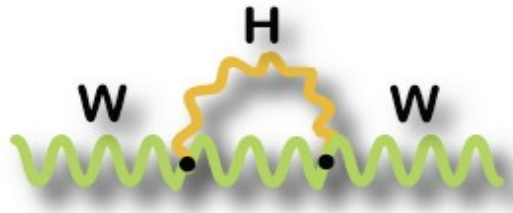
- What is its mass?
  - What are its couplings?
  - Is it a fundamental particle?
  - Is there just one Higgs boson?
- 
- Why is  $m_h \ll m_p$  ?  
(hierarchy problem)



A critical piece of physics we know very little about!

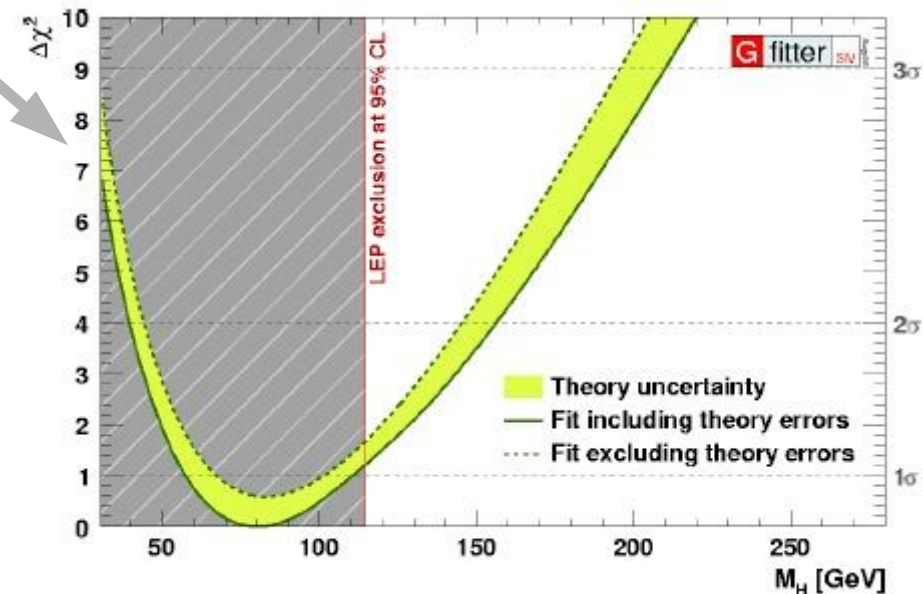
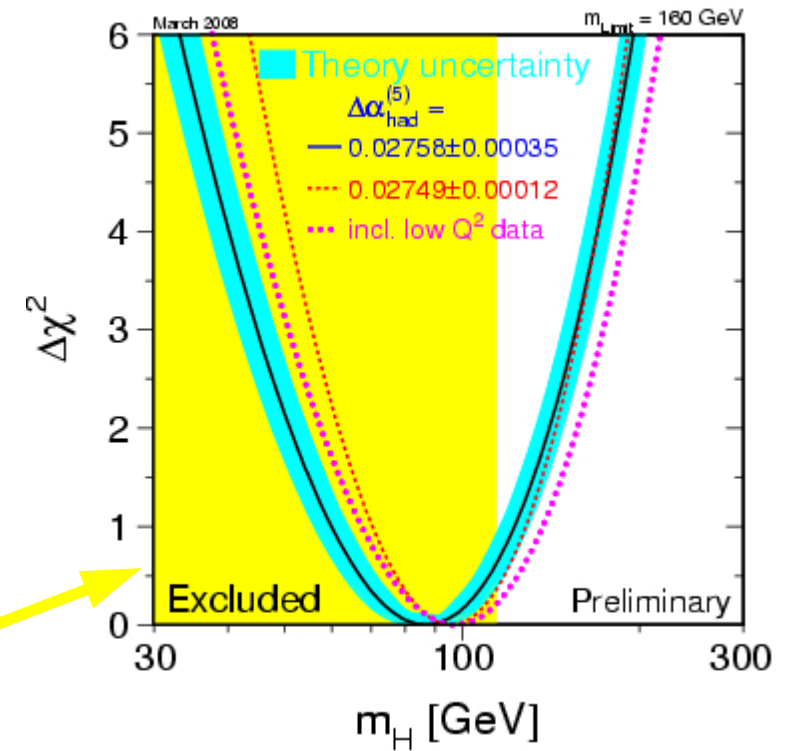
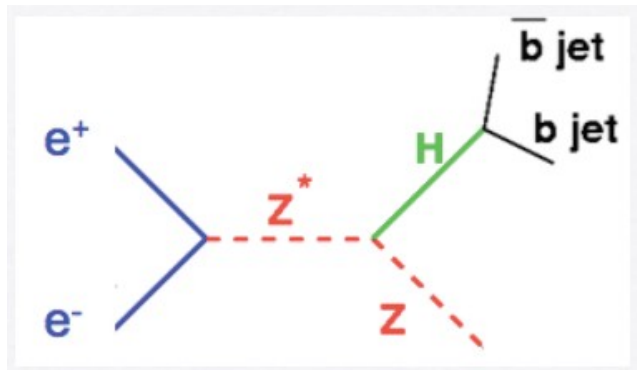
# Where's the Higgs?

EW variables sensitive to  $m_H$  via radiative corrections:



$$\log \frac{m_H}{m_Z}$$

LEP II direct:  $m_H > 114.4$  GeV



# Main SM Higgs Search Channels

$H \rightarrow bb$   
(low mass)

$H \rightarrow WW$   
(high mass)

$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H$

~~$H \rightarrow bb$~~

$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow$   
 $lv\ lv$

$p\bar{p} \rightarrow WH$

$WH \rightarrow Wbb \rightarrow$   
 $lv\ bb$

$W/Z+H \rightarrow W/Z+WW \rightarrow$   
 $l^+l^- l^+ / l^+l^+jj + \nu's$

$p\bar{p} \rightarrow ZH$

$ZH \rightarrow Zbb \rightarrow$   
 $ll\ bb$   
 $\nu\nu\ bb$

# Tevatron Higgs Combination

**SM Higgs excluded at 170 GeV !!!**

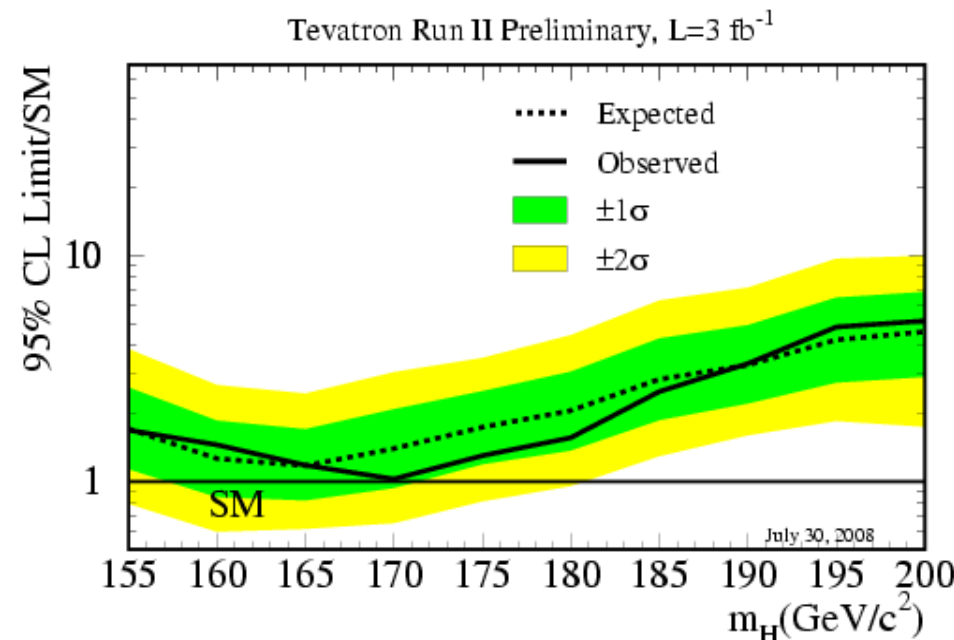
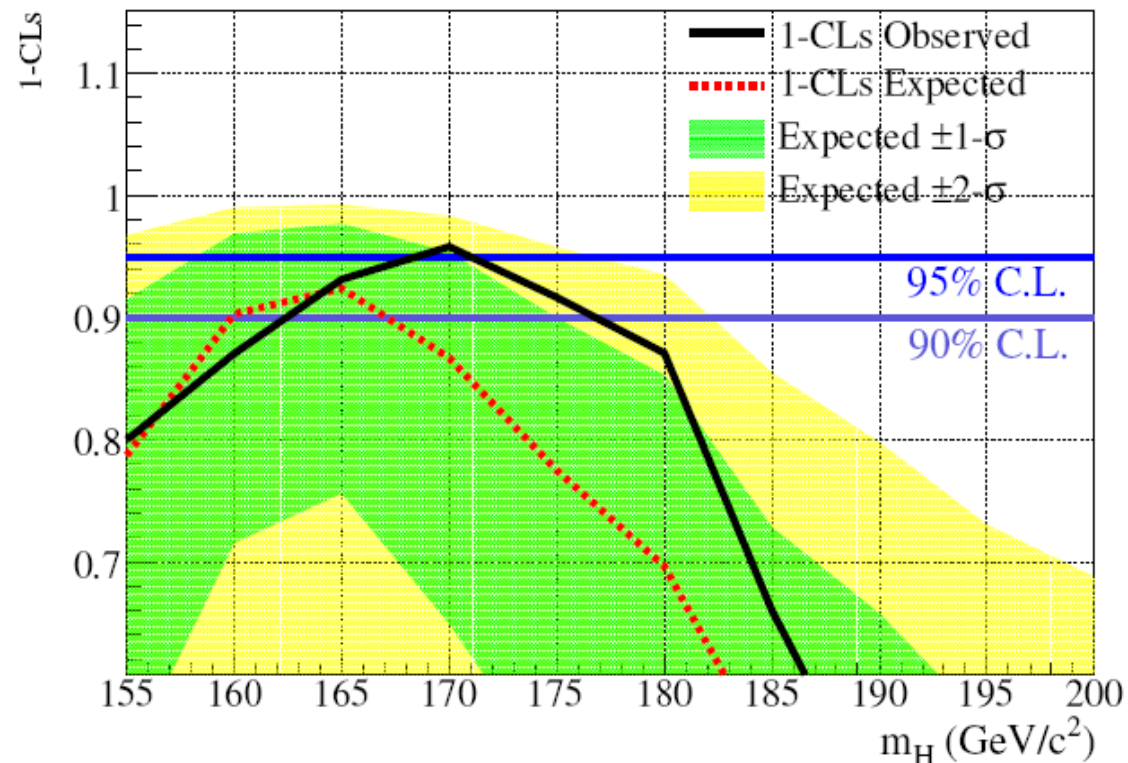
Expect to exclude a large range of Higgs masses by Moriond

Verified using two calculations



**95%CL Limits/SM**

| $M\_Higgs(GeV)$ | 160 | 165 | 170  | 175 |
|-----------------|-----|-----|------|-----|
| Method 1: Exp   | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4  | 1.7 |
| Method 1: Obs   | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0  | 1.3 |
| Method 2: Exp   | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.3  | 1.7 |
| Method 2: Obs   | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.95 | 1.2 |



$$H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$$

All pre-selections kept as loose as possible

- Cut out regions with almost no signal
- Cut out regions that could not be well modeled

| Final state                                          | $e\mu$                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | $ee$    | $\mu\mu$ |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| Cut 0 Pre-selection                                  | lepton ID, leptons with opposite charge<br>and $p_T^\mu > 10$ GeV and $p_T^e > 15$ GeV<br>invariant mass $M_{\mu\mu} > 15$ GeV<br>$\mu\mu$ : $n_{\text{jet}} < 2$ for $p_T^{\text{jet}} > 15$ GeV and $dR(\mu, \text{jet}) > 0.1$ |         |          |
| Cut 1 Missing Transverse Energy $\cancel{E}_T$ (GeV) | $> 20$                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | $> 20$  | $> 20$   |
| Cut 2 $\cancel{E}_T^{\text{Scaled}}$                 | $> 7$                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | $> 6$   | $> 5$    |
| Cut 3 $M_T^{\text{min}}(\ell, \cancel{E}_T)$ (GeV)   | $> 20$                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | $> 30$  | $> 20$   |
| Cut 4 $\Delta\phi(\mu, \mu)$                         | $< 2.0$                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | $< 2.0$ | $< 2.5$  |

# H- $\rightarrow$ WW- $\rightarrow$ $l\nu$ $l\nu$

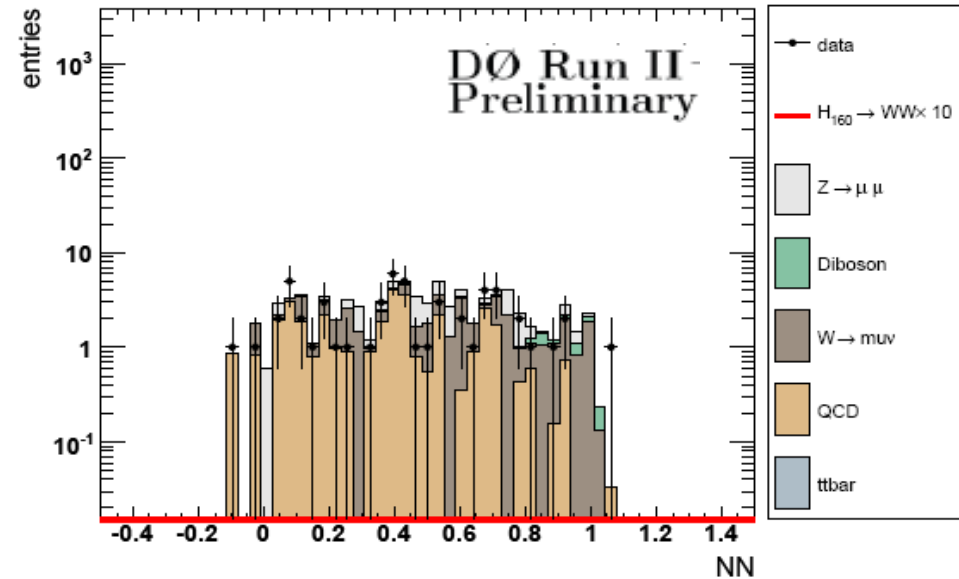
Many cross-checks performed in various other sets of the data/MC

- Like-sign (check W+jets and QCD)
- W+jets selection

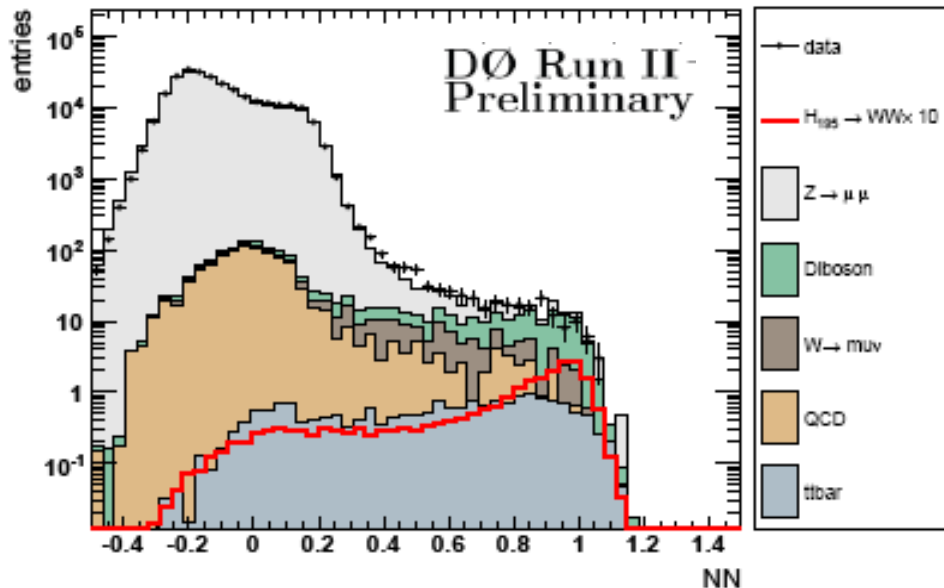
Pre-selection NN output

- Check for correlations not modeled in high-statistics Z samples

## W+jet selection, like-sign



## Pre-selection, opposite-sign



## Pre-selection, like-sign

