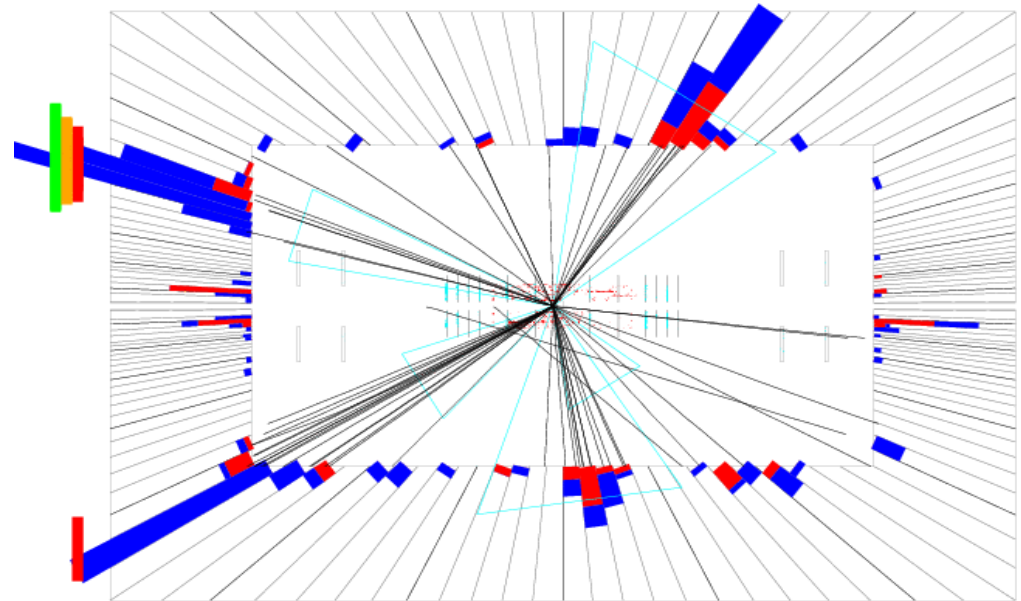
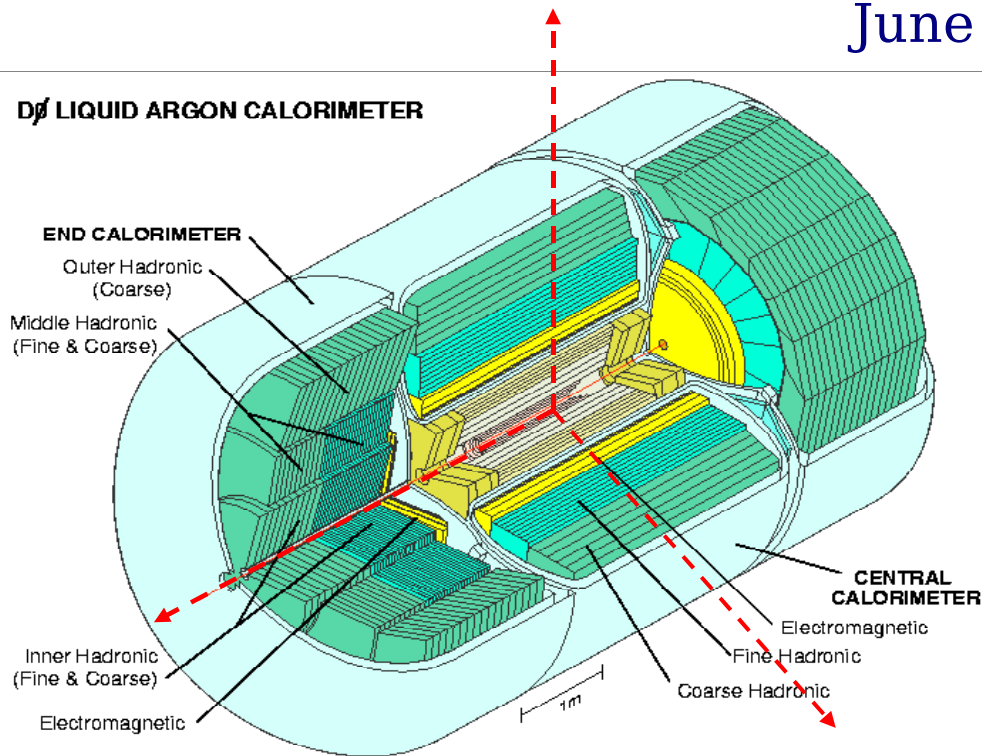


Calorimeter Calibration for p17

Andy Haas / Columbia University
for the Cal. Calib. Task Force:
Marco Verzocchi, Jan Stark,
Krisztian Peters, Jiri Kvita, Andy Haas,
Mikolaj Cwiok, and Amnon Harel

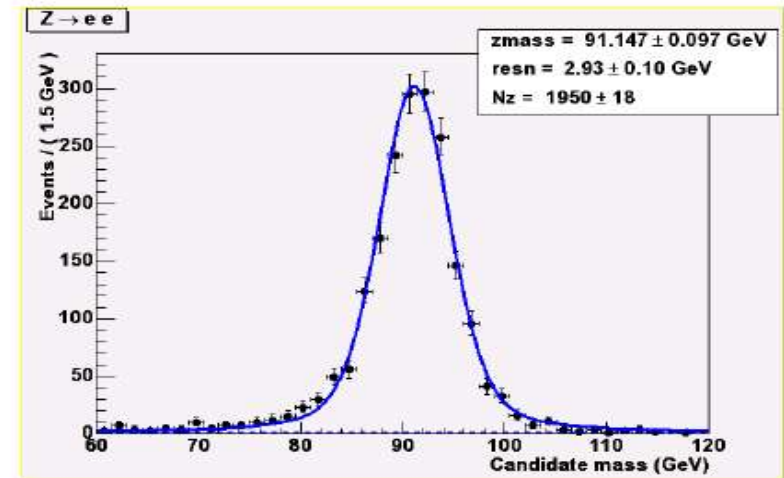
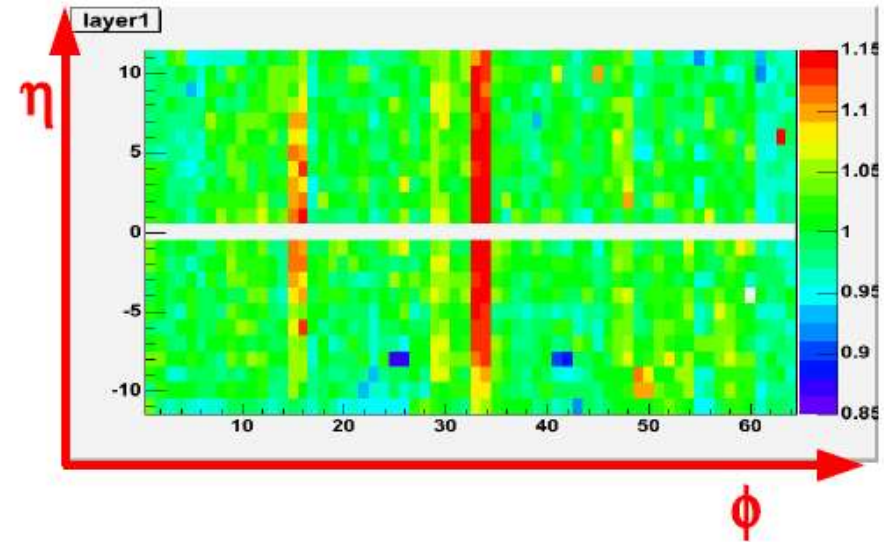
Vancouver Meeting
June 16, 2005

DØ LIQUID ARGON CALORIMETER



Introduction / EM Calibration

- **Determine a multiplicative calibration constant for each cell of the calorimeter - maximize energy resolution**
- Constants are measured using data, since calibration pulses do not account for all effects
- Divide task into EM and Hadronic calibration
- Initial EM calibration was completed a few months ago:
Jan Stark and Matt Wetstein
 - Response normalized in phi at fixed eta using special calibration data
 - Response for each eta ring calibrated using Z->ee events, and known Z mass
- Significant progress was made in understanding the Z->ee resolution in data (2.9 GeV) vs. MC (2.0 -> 2.4 GeV)
 - Incomplete material description in MC (solenoid, etc.) is the main cause
 - Remaining difference due to charge collection effects?



**Detector resolution improved
from 3.35 to 2.9 GeV
13%!**

The Calibration Group needs You

- **Need 1 FTE for 2+2 months**
- **Urgent work, dedicated person (100% of time)**
- **Use tools developed for calibration of EM calorimeter**
- **Data for STEP 1 available soon, provided by Jan/Marco**
- **JES group to prioritize development of tools for CAF based analysis, make tools available**
- **CSG group will provide data for STEP 2**
- **Start working NEXT week**

**Put your
picture
here**

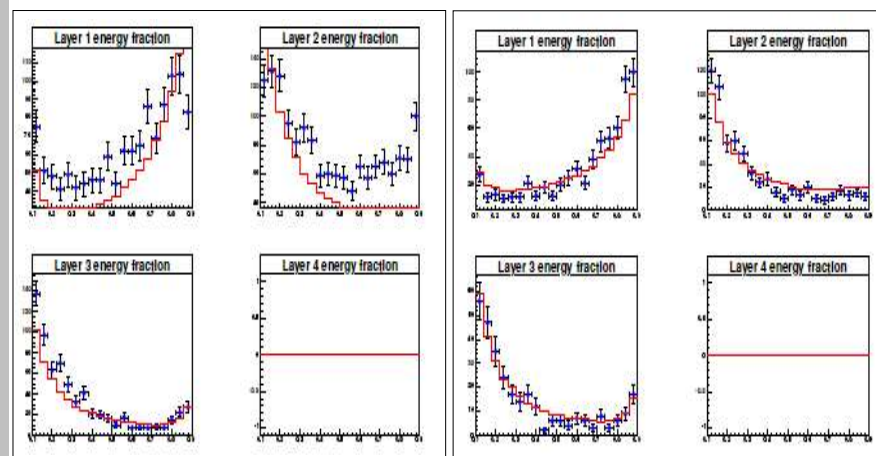
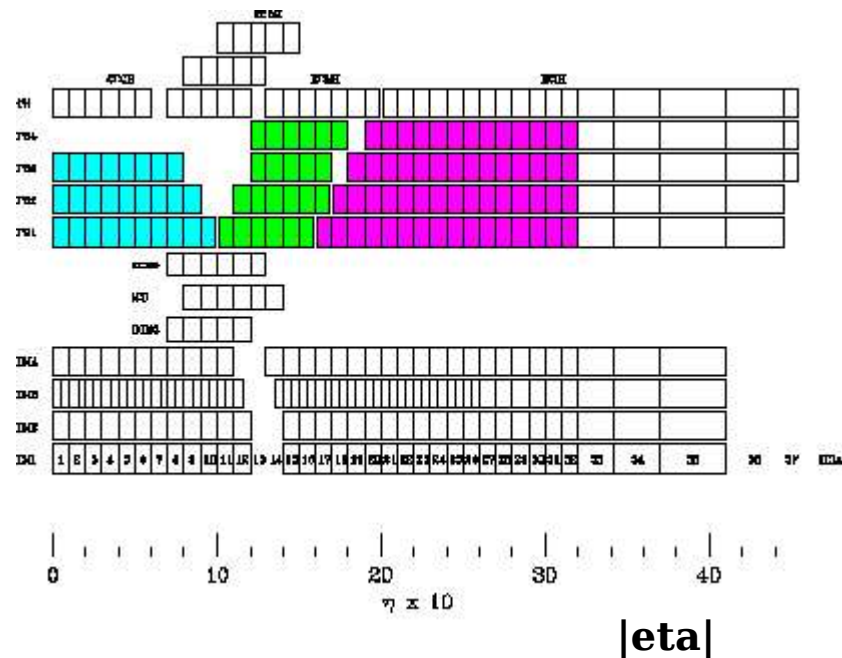
Hadronic Calibration Overview

- Goal was to have constants available for p17 re-processing by July
- Task force was formed, divided in two groups, led by :
Jan Stark and Marco Verzocchi
 - Inter-phi calibration :
Krisztian Peters and Jiri Kvita
 - Normalize response in phi at each fixed eta for all layers, using special calibration data
 - Eta-ring / overall calibration :
Andy Haas and Mikolaj Cwiok
 - Use phi/layer constants from inter-phi calibration
 - Provide a constant for each eta value and an overall hadronic energy scale
 - Use p17 di-jet data
 - Additional method being pursued by Amnon Harel based on jet profiles -- results will be cross-checked, where they can



Hadronic Inter-phi Calibration

- Use same concepts and code that worked for the EM inter-phi calibration
 - Assume phi symmetry of energy deposition in detector
 - Count the number of times each cell has $E_T > 9$ GeV
 - Use average layer fractions to calibrate each layer of each tower
 - Special calibration data was collected during physics running, starting March 12, 2005
 - Nearly unbiased w.r.t. 9 GeV offline cut
 - L1 tower > 5 GeV
 - L2 tower > 5 GeV in fine hadronic (FH)
 - L3 precision tower > 7 GeV in FH
 - >15 M events collected so far
 - Beware of “bad” cells
 - Dead trigger towers, dead towers, dead cells, low / high energy noisy cells...
 - These must not harm the calibration of other cells

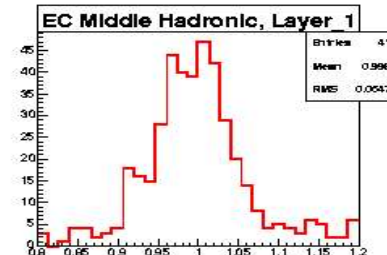
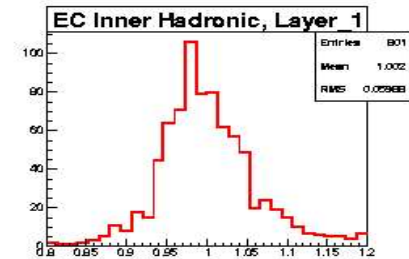
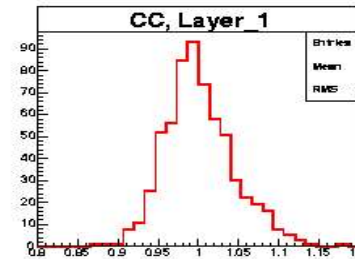
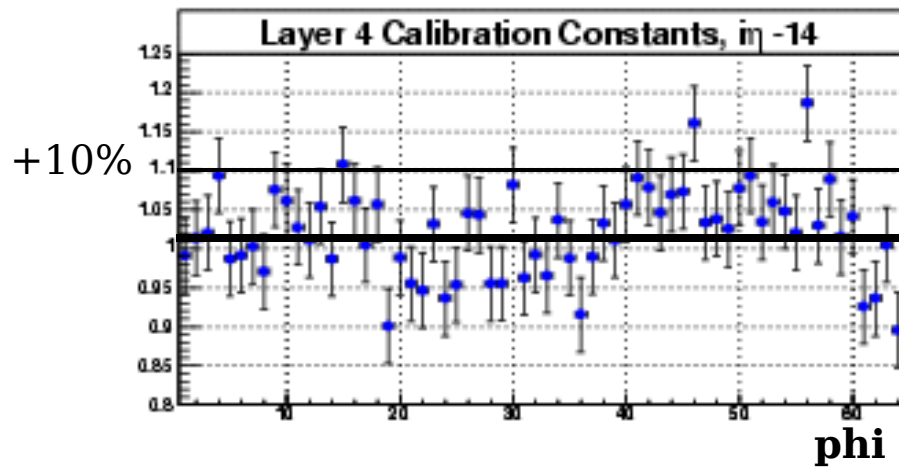
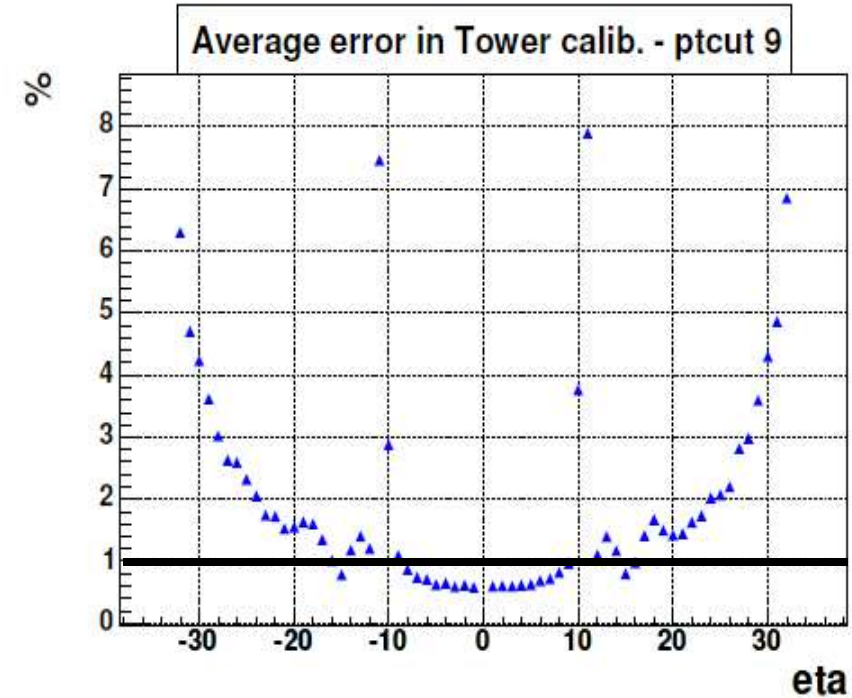


before...

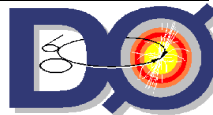
after...

Hadronic Inter-phi Calibration Results

- So far, 6.5 M events are analyzed
 - Errors are $<1\%$ in CC
 - Towers used at high $|\eta|$ due to low statistics
- Constants vary by $\sim 5\%$ for good cells
 - A few miscalibrated modules found, by $\sim 10\%$
 - Some long-range effects found, by $\sim 5\%$
- No constants for CH or ICD cells, yet
 - Amnon's method does have access to these

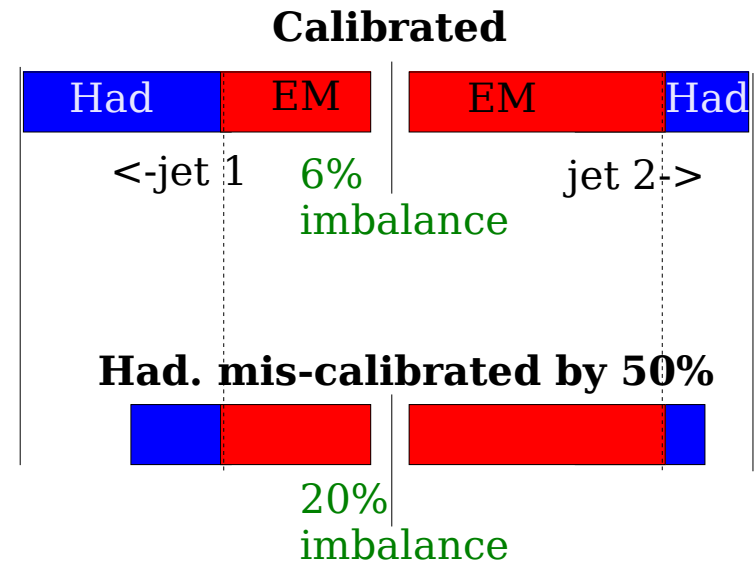


Constants have
RMS = $\sim 5\%$



Hadronic Eta Calibration

- Determine an overall calibration constant for each eta-ring
 - 64 constants from $-3.2 < \eta < 3.2$
- Determine an overall constant for each layer within each eta-ring
 - Up to 6 constants for each eta-ring: ICR, FH1, FH2, FH3, FH4, CH
- Method: use QCD di-jet events, and minimize the total missing p_T fraction of the events, using the cells within the jets
 - Assume EM layers are calibrated
 - An overall Hadronic scale can be determined since the EM fractions of jets are uncorrelated in each event
- Also, Amnon has provided numbers based on jet profiles that we will cross-check with

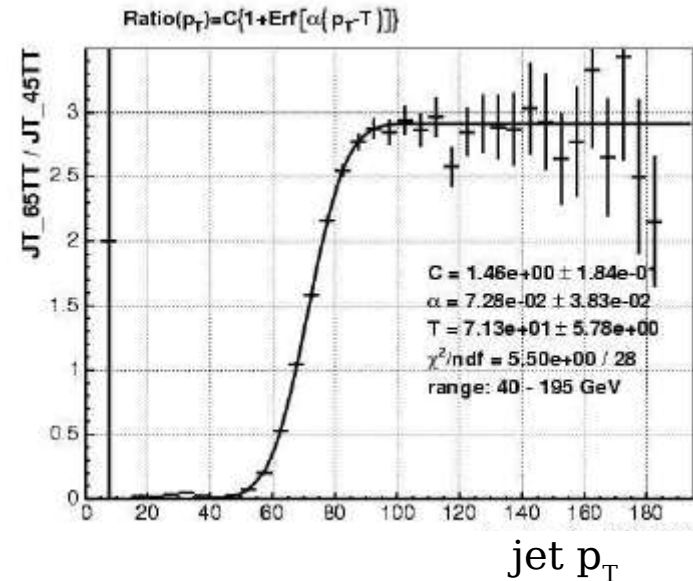


Hadronic Eta Calibration: Event Samples, etc.

- p17 QCD data skim – 21M events, so far
p14 QCD MC – about 1M events
- Special Rootuple maker that reconstructs cone 0.5, 0.7, 1.0 jets and keeps their associated cell info
- Perform a 64 parameter Minuit fit, to determine eta constants
 - Need to loop over all the events ~5,000 times, adjusting the eta calibration constants each time
 - Solution was to “pre-chew” the events
 - store only the events passing cuts
 - sum the cells in phi
 - discard info about EM sublayer
 - store all needed data in an STL structure in memory (~2 GB)
 - Result: can process at > 100kHz, iteration takes ~1 minute, full fit takes only ~1 hour

Loose selection cuts:

- Exactly 2 jets, both passing quality cuts
- Leading jet p_T above trigger bias

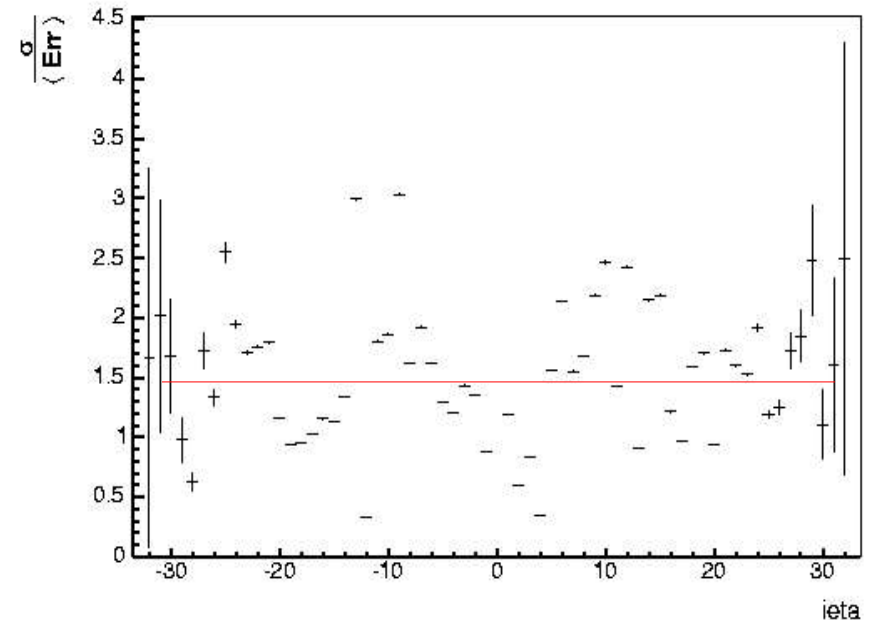
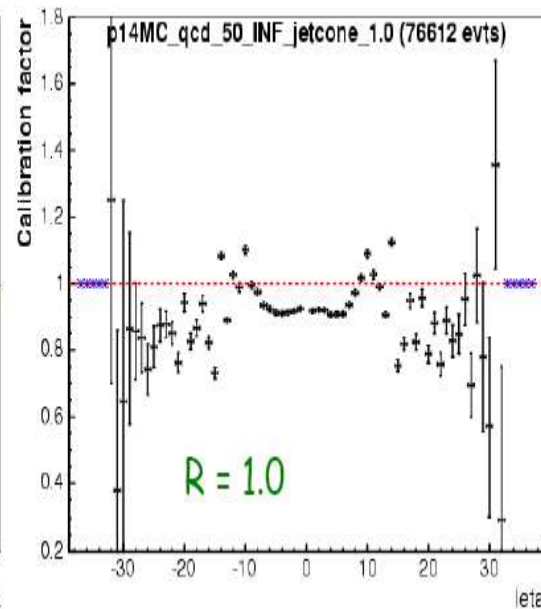
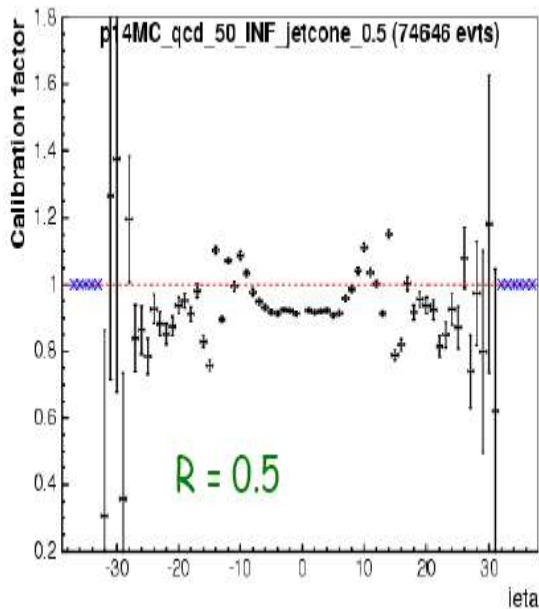
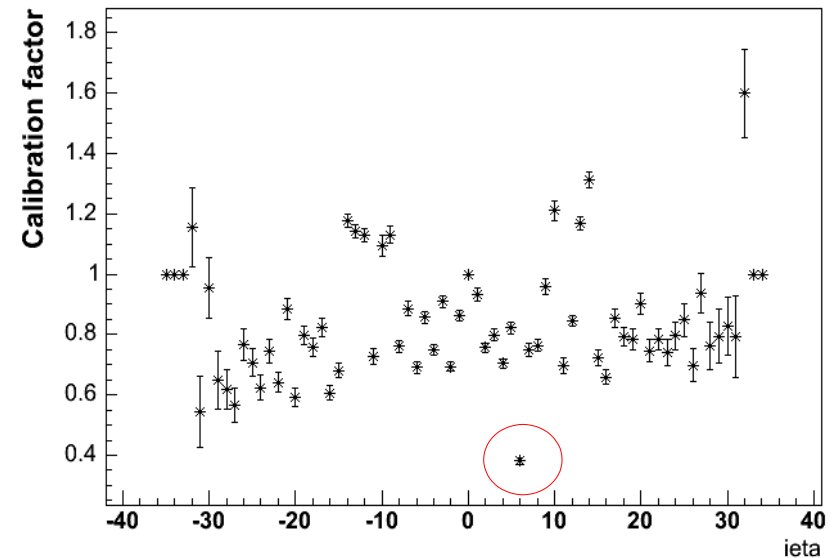


Additional tight selection cuts:

- $ME_T < 50$ GeV
- $d\text{-phi} > 2.9$ rad.
- $|\text{eta}|$ of both jets $< (3.2 - \text{conesize})$

Hadronic Eta Calibration: A Few Checks

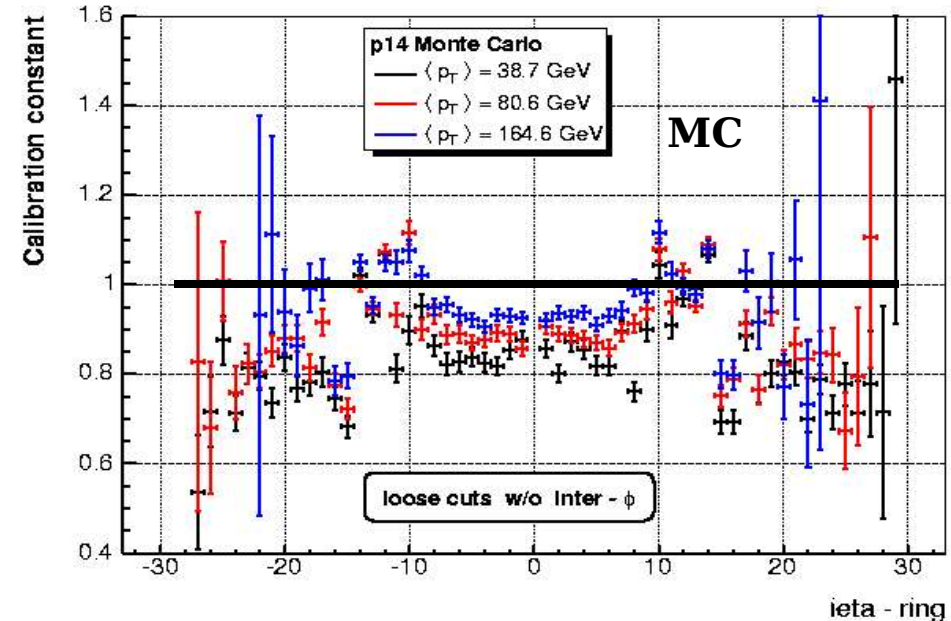
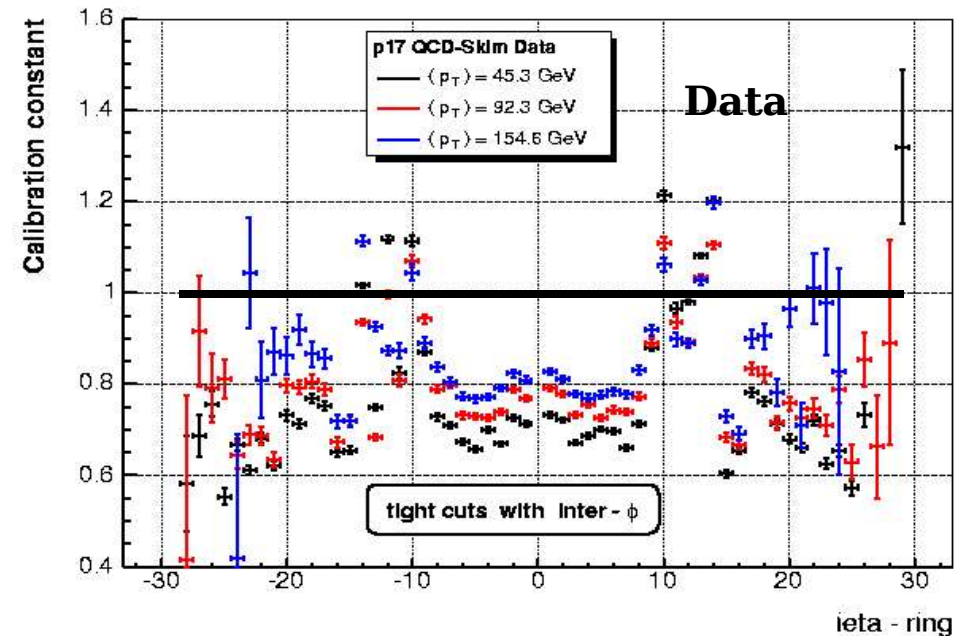
- Adding a miscalibration recovers the full miscalibration and does not effect other constants
- No significant dependence on the jet cone size used
- The statistical errors returned by the fit are close to the true statistical variation



Hadronic Eta Calibration: Dependence on p_T

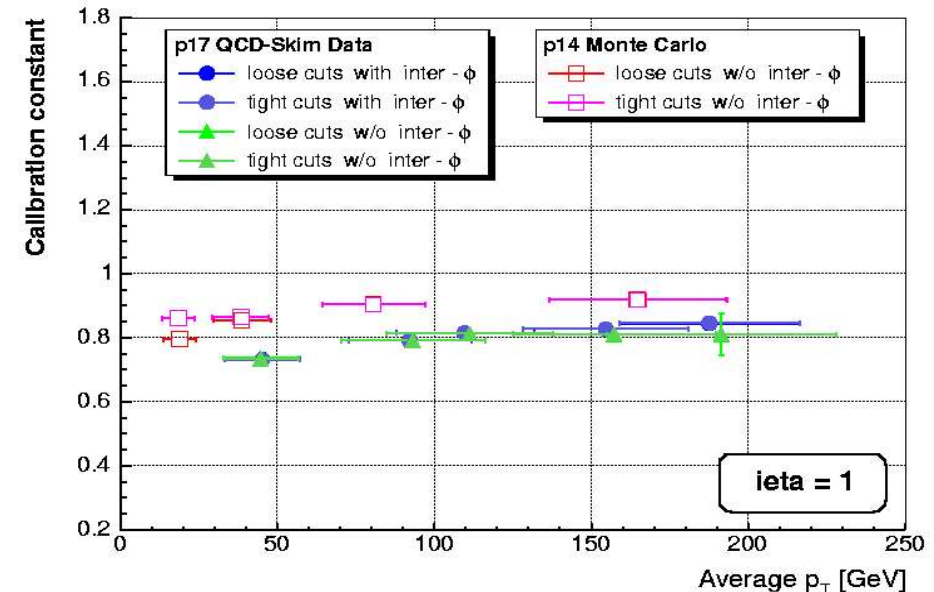
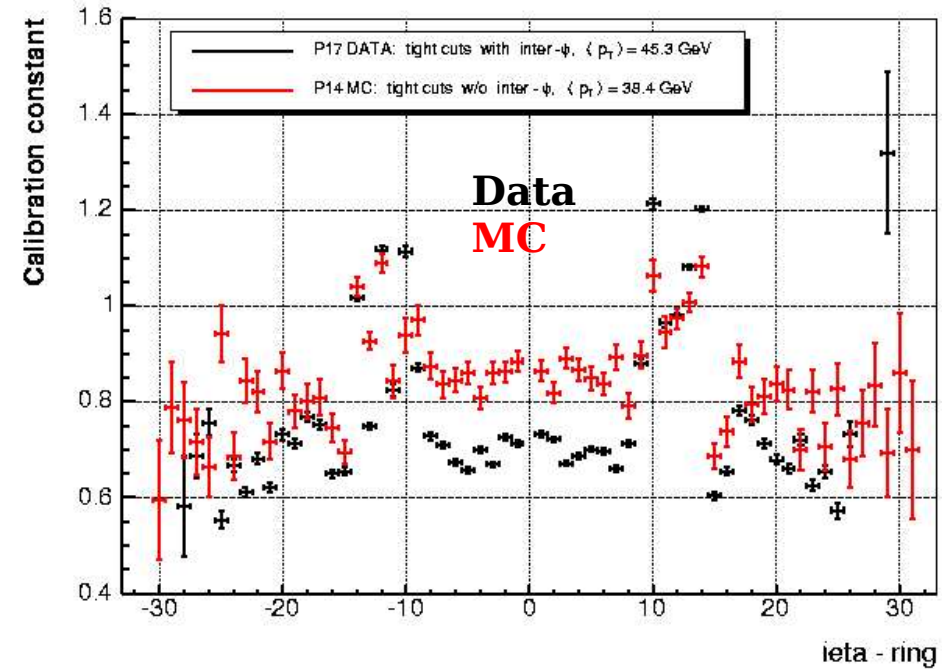
- For most eta-rings, the constant which maximizes resolution increases vs. jet p_T
 - A similar dependence is observed in data and MC
- What does this mean?
 - Weighting the hadronic cells more heavily includes more noise into the jets?
 - Non-compensation effects?
 - Essentially, the EM and Hadronic calorimeters have different performances for jets as functions of energy

A tradeoff between stochastic and constant terms in the energy resolution



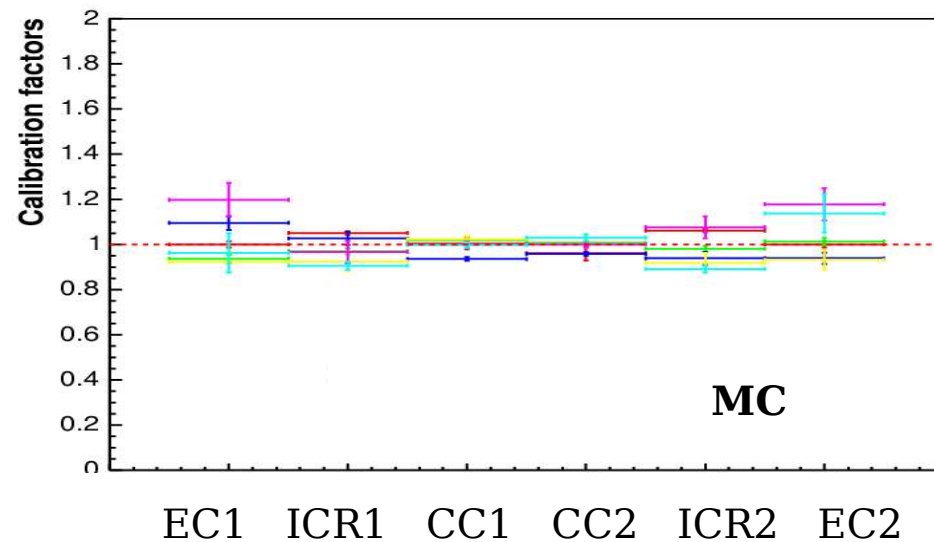
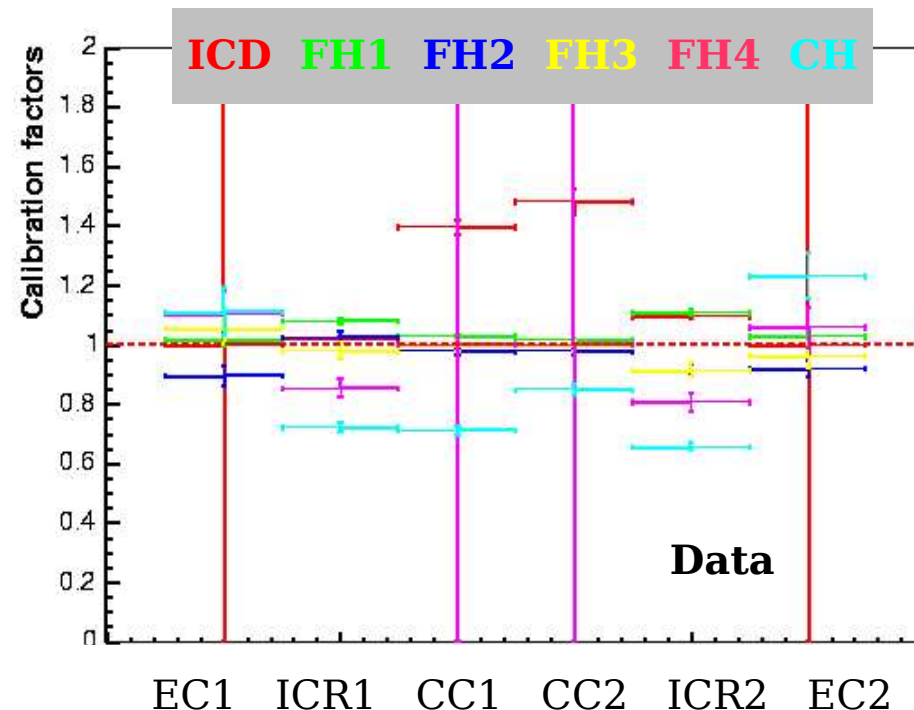
Hadronic Eta Calibration: Data / MC

- At any given p_T range, data seems to be overweighted, compared to MC, for most eta-rings
 - 10% caused by known pulser problem? (Larger capacitances of hadronic cells leads to reflections in the calibration pulses.)
- The ratio of data / MC remains fairly constant vs. jet p_T range
- Even in MC, the eta-ring calibration factors would reach unity only for very high p_T jets (>500 GeV)
 - Current layer weights were determined using single pions with $p_T = 20$ GeV
 - Should we re-calibrate the MC ?!
- Is the cone jet algorithm optimal? Couldn't the calibration constants be adjusted for cells in a jet once an initial measurement of the jet energy is made?



Hadronic Eta Calibration: Layer Constants

- Layer constants can be determined:
 - overall, averaged over all eta-rings
 - for each section: CC, ICR, EC
 - or for each eta-ring individually
- CH is disfavored in the central regions
 - Noisier?
- ICD/MG layers seem to be underweighted in the data

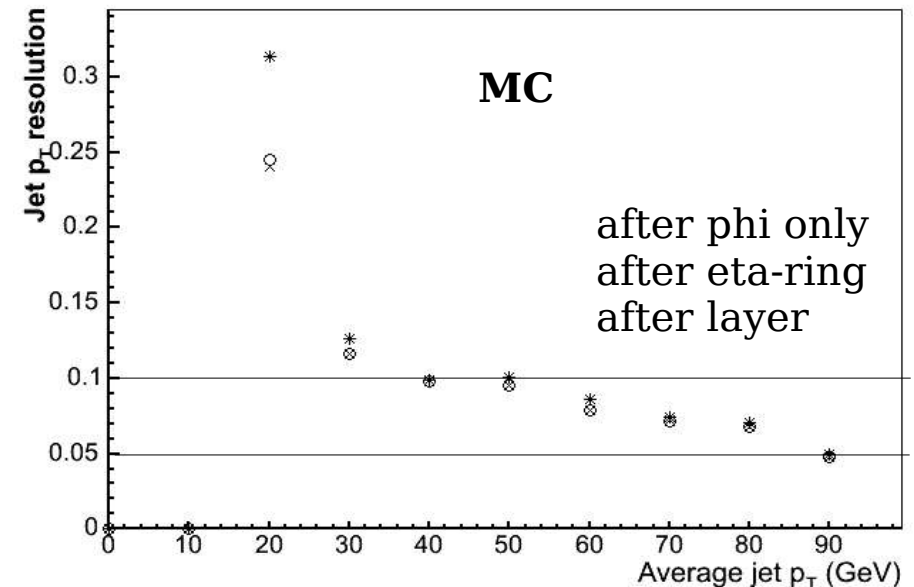
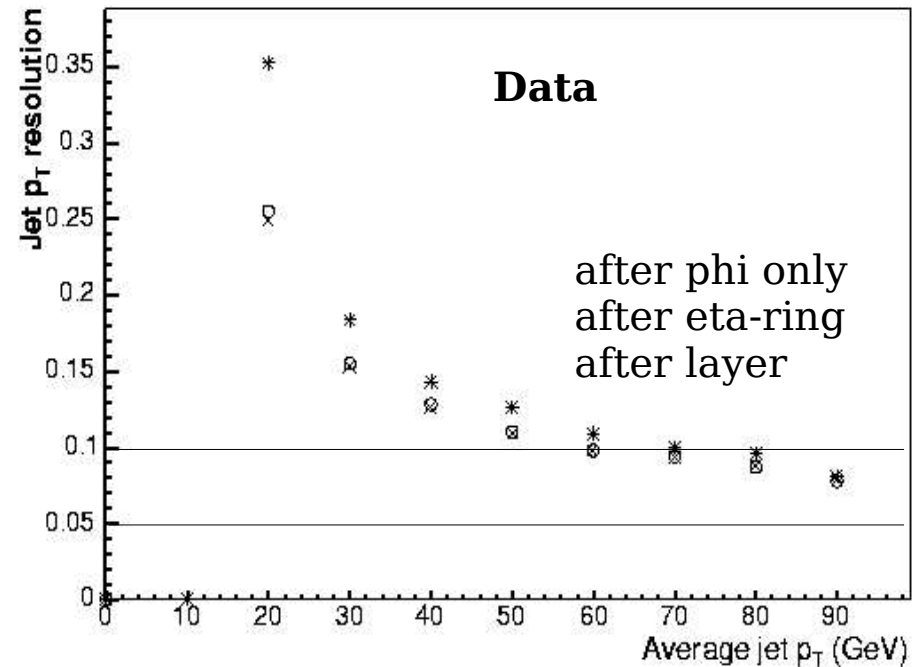


Hadronic Calibration: Jet p_T Resolution

- The phi-intercalibration has little effect on the overall jet energy resolution
 - This was surprising at first, but can be understood, since jets average over N cells... non-coherent effects will be reduced by a factor of $\sim 1/\sqrt{N}$
- The layer weights seem to have little effect on the jet energy resolution... only the ICD/MG and CH have significant modifications
- The stochastic term can be reduced in data and also MC by the eta-ring calibration -> better resolution at low p_T
- The calibrations do not seem to improve the constant term -> little improvement for high p_T jets

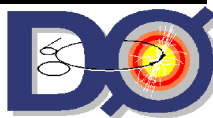
Why so much worse than MC? Run I?

- Material effects? More non-compensating in Run II (different sampling time)? Less complete response to slow neutrons?

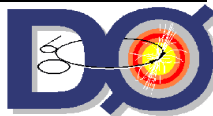
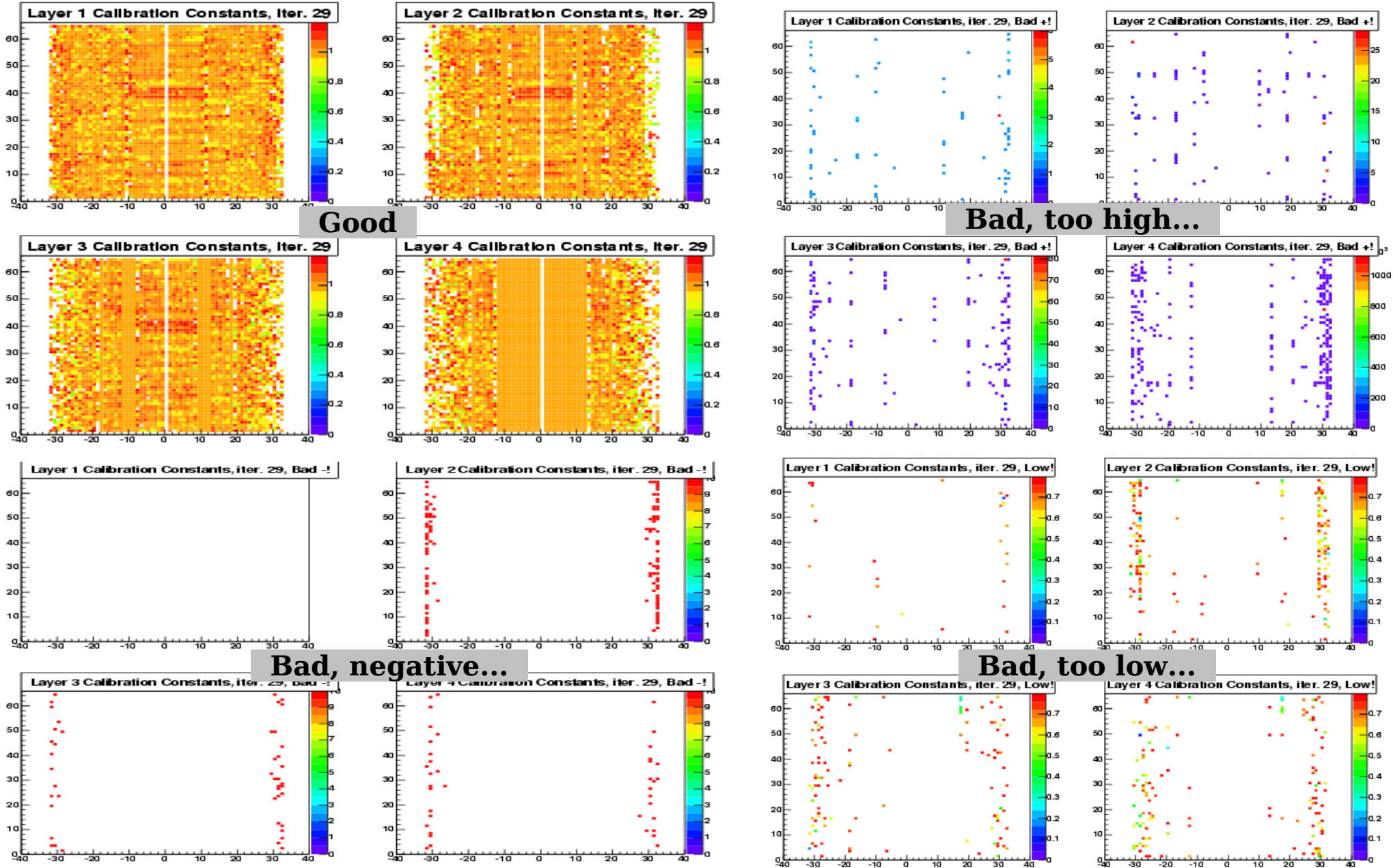


- p17 will have an improved calorimeter calibration, available in July
 - **EM calibration**
 - Z->ee resolution is ~13% better than p14
 - Better modeling of material in MC
 - To do: Check constants on more recent data, and verify stability
 - **Hadronic calibration**
 - The goal was ambitious: complete the calibration in ~3 months
 - But we will succeed, and on time!
 - The group works well together, and has good leadership
 - Better jet energy resolution. Better ME_T resolution?
 - To do:
 - Perform some final tests... constants stable over time?
 - Inter-phi: run over full 20M event special calibration sample
 - Inter-eta: run over a larger p17 QCD data sample
 - **Understand / interpret results in data / MC**
- **Longer term:**
 - Continue to take calibration data to the monitor stream
 - Document! We'll want to re-run the calibration for future data sets...
 - Try to understand the difference in the constant term between Run II data and MC
 - Perhaps an understanding will lead to a partial solution?

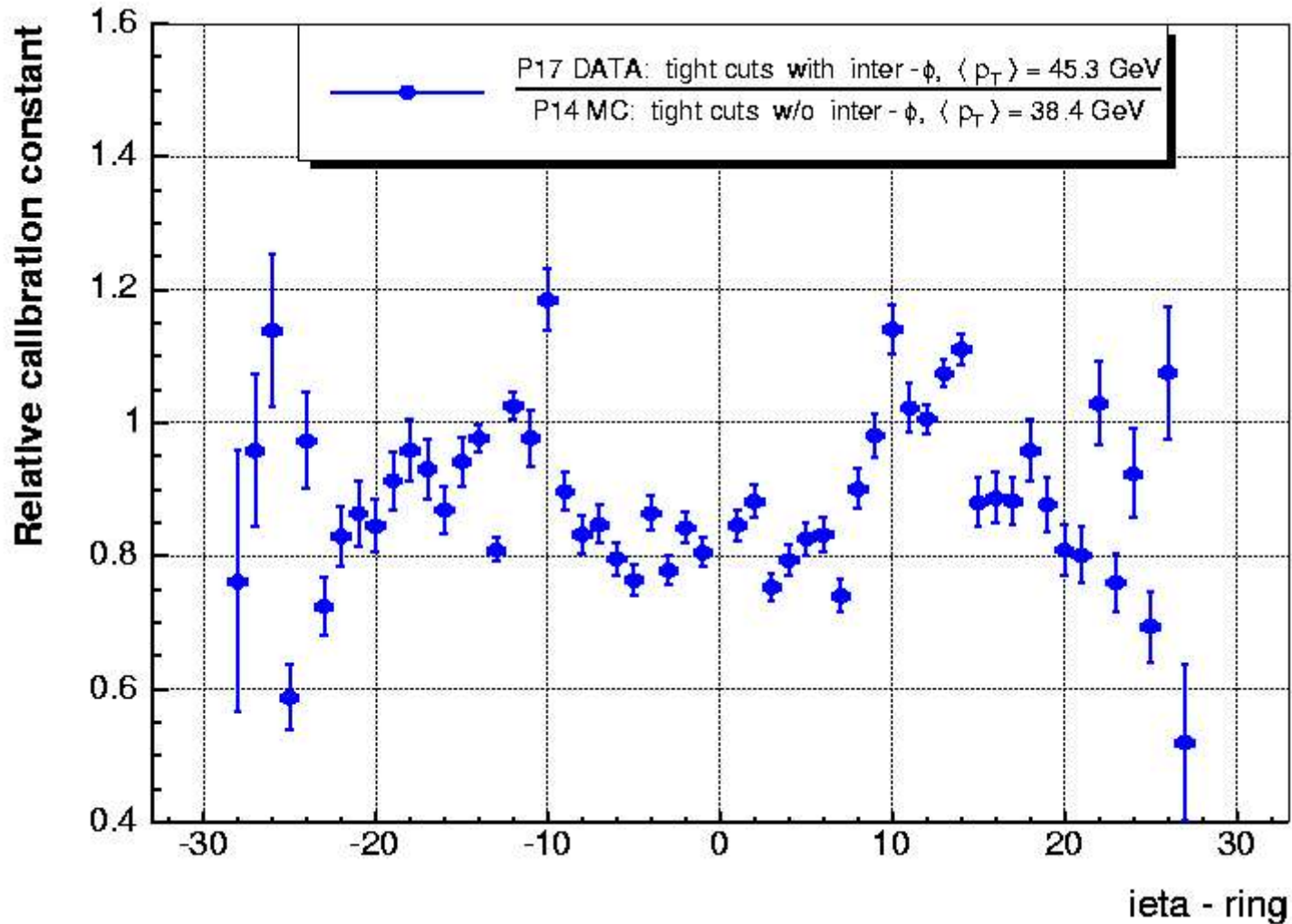
Backup Slides...



Hadronic Inter-phi Calibration Constants



Data/MC Ratios for Hadronic Eta Calibration



MC, with / without inter-phi

Adding wrong phi intercalibration constants to the MC has almost no effect on the jet p_T resolution

Graph

